



## Fiscal Year 2023 Budget

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### PEOPLE POWERED. CUSTOMER CENTERED.

#### STRATEGIC PLAN

### VISION

GRU envisions a well-run business optimizing all aspects of the organization for the benefit of the customers and the community at large.

### **MISSION**

GRU will provide safe, reliable, competitively priced utility services in an environmentally responsible manner and will actively contribute to the enhancement of the quality of life in our community.



### CULTURE

GRU will strive to earn the honor of being Gainesville's best place to work based on inclusion, the quality of the staff, the operational teamwork, the internal alignment with corporate goals and a passionate commitment to the community it serves.

We are in the business to provide our customers with the necessities of life.











## **Executive Summary**

In its Fiscal Year 2023 budget, Gainesville Regional Utilities has worked hard to keep rate increases to a minimum, despite continual pressure from steadily rising costs. Based on average usage, a residential electric customer will see a \$2.42 increase to their bill and a wastewater customer will see a \$2.25 increase. Both of these rates were previously approved by the Gainesville City Commission and formally adopted this September. These slight increases enable GRU to continue satisfying its mission of providing safe and reliable utility services in an environmentally responsible manner that contributes to the quality of life in our community. Main drivers in this year's budget are costs associated with our Advanced Metering Infrastructure (AMI) project and improvements to our Customer Information System, both of which are essential to achieving our mission.

AMI is an integrated system of smart meters, modules, communications networks, and data management systems that enables two-way communication between GRU and our customers. The system provides a number of important functions that were either not previously possible or had to be performed manually. These functions include the ability to automatically and remotely measure energy usage, connect and disconnect service, detect tampering, identify outages, monitor voltage, and provide water leak notifications. Over the last 10 years, AMI has become the industry standard, largely because it enhances customer choice and control.

The CIS project involves replacing our currently outdated system with a functionally robust customer-focused communication and management application that will be GRU's customer system of record. Beyond its role as a critical accounting sub-ledger through which utility revenues flow, CIS will be more cost-effective long-term and provide GRU with new tools and processes to improve customer satisfaction and employee productivity and efficiency.

Combined with AMI, CIS will eventually give GRU the ability to offer new time-based rate programs and incentives that encourage customers to reduce peak demand and manage energy consumption and costs. As energy costs increase, this becomes more and more critical.

The significance of these projects notwithstanding, the utility as a whole continues to invest in the maintenance and upkeep of its assets to assure future reliability. These investments include a critical project to increase capacity and replace aging equipment at the Main Street Water Reclamation Facility, ongoing sewer lining to maintain the integrity of our pipes and continued progress on our 75-acre groundwater recharge wetland park, which will replenish the Floridan aquifer with reclaimed water while also creating a wetland habitat.

### **Executive Summary**

While the Energy Supply Department has reduced its capital, non-labor budget by \$3.3 million compared to last fiscal year, the department continues to focus on maintaining the reliability of GRU's aging operating fleet. This includes advance purchasing parts (due to supply chain delays) necessary to maintain CT4, the Kelly combustion turbine, and completing a "lifetime" assessment of Deerhaven Unit 1 to extend the operating unit's retirement date an additional five years.

In the same spirit of maintaining core services, GRU's Energy Delivery Department is replacing 30-year old transformers at two substations, upgrading a 20-year-old transmission communication system per North American Electric Reliability Corporation (NERC) standards and replacing four 30-year-old 138 kilovolt circuit breakers.

Again, GRU's primary purpose is to provide safe and reliable utility services to the more than 100,000 electric, water, wastewater, gas and telecommunications customers we serve and to accomplish this in a manner that is environmentally responsible and enhances the quality of life in our community. We balance these responsibilities with financial stability.

In the upcoming year, GRU will continue to serve this mission in numerous ways, including by working with the community to craft an electric Integrated Resource Plan that helps establish a sustainable path toward long-term power needs. At the same time, we will continue to encourage and promote the conservation of our precious water resources. With these goals in mind, I want to acknowledge the GRU employees who remain the heart and soul of our utility and the people of Gainesville, whom we humbly serve.

### GRU Lines of Business Overview

#### **Energy Supply**

Energy Supply operates and maintains GRU's electric generating and combined heating and power assets. Other areas of responsibility under Energy Supply are engineering, outage planning and major maintenance, system control operations, transmission switching, power marketing, generation planning, fuels management (including procurement, transportation and risk management for both the electric generating and gas distribution systems) and new business opportunities.

#### **Energy Delivery**

Energy Delivery is responsible for the design, construction, operation, maintenance and security control of substations, electric lines and gas mains, field services, meter operations and line locations.

#### Water

The Water System is responsible for operating and maintaining the Murphree Water Treatment Plant, which has a treatment capacity of 54 million gallons of water per day (MGD). These responsibilities include providing safe, reliable, high-quality drinking water to 73,000 customers serving 199,000 people in the Gainesville urban area at acceptable pressures and volumes. The Water System is also responsible for construction, operation and maintenance of over 1,182 miles of water transmission and distribution lines, as well as the installation and maintenance of water meters, fire hydrants and backflow prevention devices.

#### Wastewater

The Wastewater System operates and maintains the 14.9 million gallons of water per day (MGD) Kanapaha Water Reclamation Facility, the 7.5 MGD Main Street Water Reclamation Facility, 173 lift stations, 693 miles of gravity main and 154 miles of associated force main, providing service to 65,000 customers in the Gainesville urban area. Responsibilities include pumping, treating and discharging high-quality treated effluent that meets federal and state drinking water standards, and providing high-quality reclaimed water to residential and business customers, primarily for irrigation. The Wastewater System also administers the utility's Industrial Pretreatment Program (IPP), biosolids disposal, fats, oils and greases (FOG) disposal, and reclaimed water programs.

#### Gas

The Gas System covers approximately 102 square miles and provides service to 30% of Alachua County's population. The System is responsible for the construction, operation and maintenance of six natural gas gate stations, as well as all transmission and distribution (T&D) system infrastructure, including 788 miles of pipelines in various sizes and materials, valves, pressure regulators, protection devices, odorant injection systems, meters and control systems. The System also includes a number of propane gas distribution systems, operated in developments where natural gas is not yet available.

#### **Telecommunications**

GRU's Telecommunications System provides communications services utilizing a 559-mile all fiber-optic network. Telecommunication's three primary product lines are: 1) telecommunication and data services; 2) public safety radio; and 3) tower leasing services. Telecommunications is divided into several operating units, including business management, engineering, construction, electronics, network operations, public safety radio and customer sales. The telecommunication fiber-optic network continues to expand and implement new products and services that provide customers with unmatched service and reliability.

#### **Administration**

The General Manager is responsible for all aspects of the combined utility systems – Electric, Water, Wastewater, Gas and Telecommunications – and the implementation of policies adopted by the City Commission. The Chief Operating Officer (COO) oversees the Corporate Safety and Training programs, Environmental Compliance, Regulatory Compliance, Water Production, Wastewater Processing, Natural Gas Delivery, Electric Generation Supply and Electric Delivery. The COO also leads various strategic initiatives such as the drive toward achieving 100% renewable energy by 2045. The Chief People Officer (CPO) oversees the Human Resources operation. Administration also includes the Office of Inclusion and Communications, which are vital to achieving our mission.

#### **Budget, Finance and Accounting**

Budget, Finance and Accounting (BFA) provides leadership to ensure the long-term financial health of GRU. BFA is responsible for all financial and accounting activities for the utility. This includes the overall budget preparation and execution, long-term financial planning and forecasting, cash management and forecasting, debt issuance and compliance, credit metrics and ratings, treasury, rate formulation, financial reporting, benchmarking, regulatory and tax reporting, and various other responsibilities.

#### **Customer Support Services**

Customer Support Services includes the customer call center, lobby and drive-thru payment processing, billing and collections, conservation and new services. It also includes administrative functions such as utilities purchasing and stores, mail services, land rights and real estate, facilities maintenance and security.

#### **Information Technology**

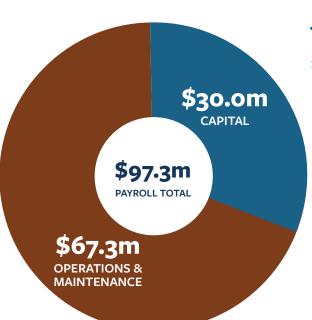
Information Technology (IT) maintains the network, phone, storage and data center infrastructure and provides IT and communication services for the combined utilities and General Government. IT supports more than 2,300 users and approximately 3,000 desktop and laptop computers used by employees at over 61 locations. IT also supports mission-critical systems such as SAP financial management and customer care systems, multiple websites and various revenue collection systems.

## Budget Snapshot

### OPERATIONS & MAINTENANCE

Paid annually, so it has a greater impact on rates.

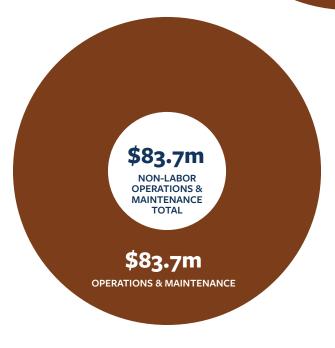
Total (all cost centers) \$151m



#### **CAPITAL**

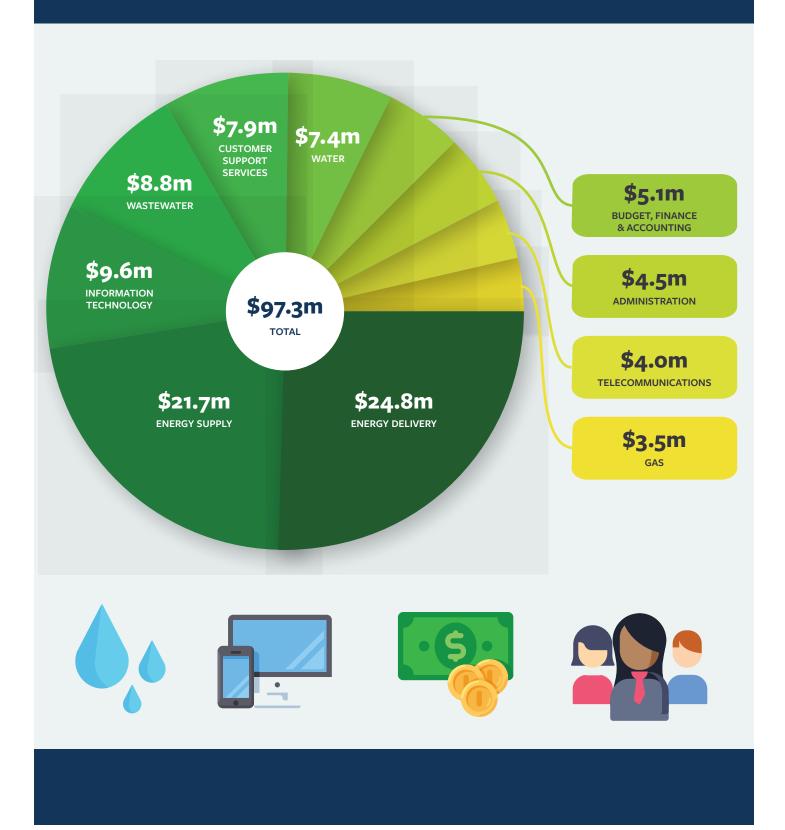
Financed over 30 years, so it has less of an impact on rates.

Total (all cost centers) \$116.4m

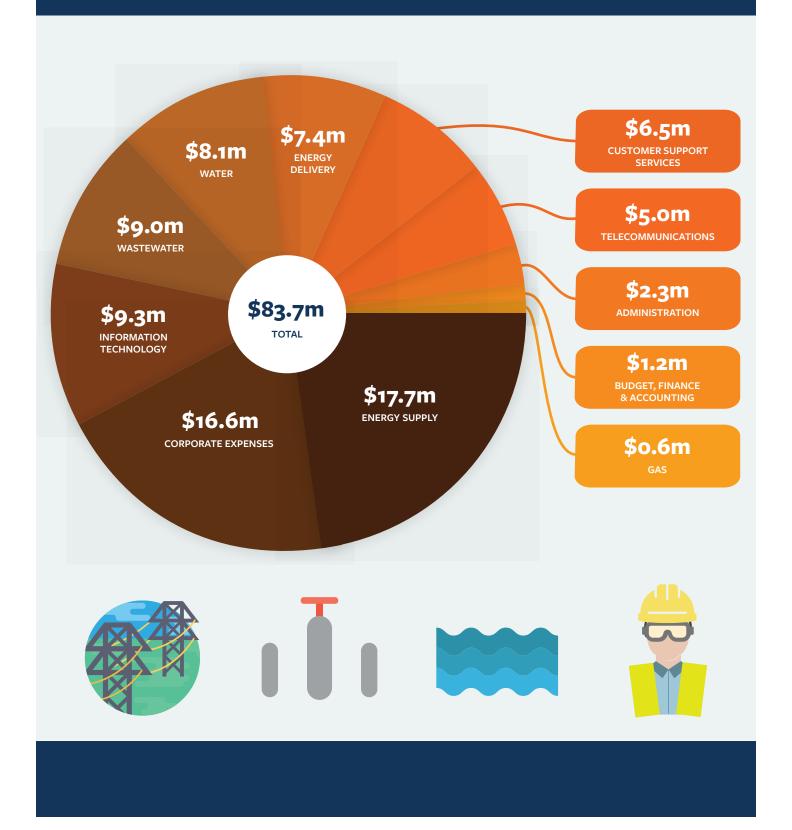




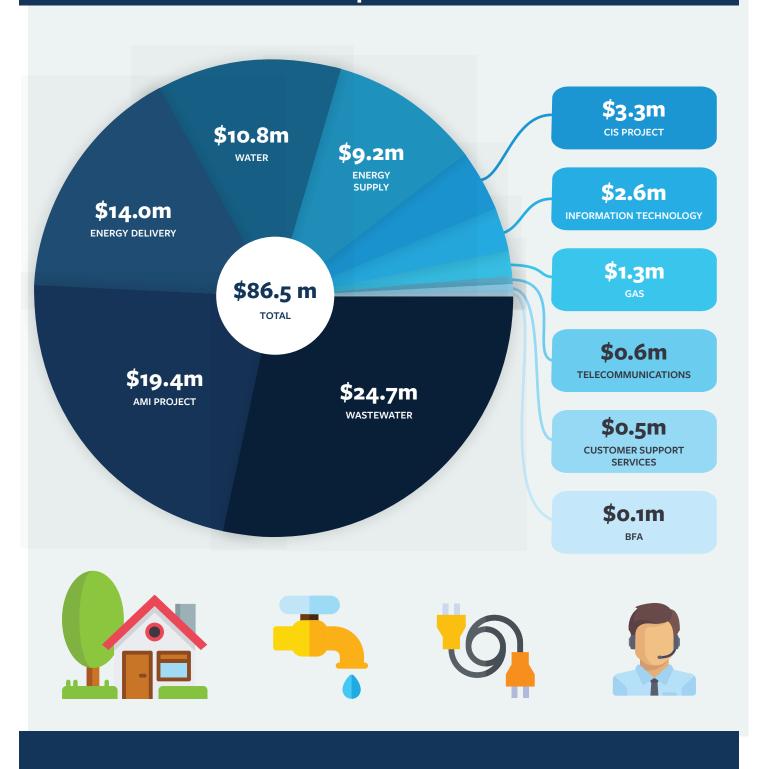
# Payroll



## Non-Labor Operations & Maintenance



## Non-Labor Capital





# Fiscal Year 2023 Budget Flow of Funds

# Annual Operating Budget Combined Systems

	2022	2023
Revenues:		
Sales	\$ 281,729,805 \$	291,672,465
Fuel adjustment	79,938,081	111,803,673
Purchased gas adjustment	7,925,032	15,765,595
Utility surcharge	11,383,683	11,724,113
Connection charges	3,168,000	3,325,000
Rate stabilization (to)/from	6,102,869	(6,554,761)
Other electric sales	20,113,211	19,631,161
Other revenue	13,918,830	14,125,066
Interest income	1,083,889	1,233,699
Total Revenues	425,363,400	462,726,011
Operation and Maintenance Expenses:		
Fuel expenses	79,938,081	111,803,673
Purchased gas	7,925,032	15,765,595
Operation and maintenance expenses	152,215,701	151,043,811
Total Operation and Maintenance Expenses	240,078,814	278,613,079
Total Net Revenues	185,284,586	184,112,932
Uses of Net Revenues:		
Debt service	98,567,831	99,750,434
Utility plant improvement fund	45,762,559	46,206,211
General fund transfer	36,283,000	34,283,000
Transfer from City of Gainesville General Fund for County Streetlights		(800,000)
Debt defeasance/Debt service	4,671,196	4,673,287
Total Uses of Net Revenues	185,284,586	184,112,932
Net Impact to Rate Stabilization	\$ - \$	-

# Annual Operating Budget Electric System

	2022	2023
Revenues:		
Residential sales	\$ 78,710,652 \$	85,256,172
Residential rate change	5,509,746	2,557,685
Non-residential sales	90,990,868	97,576,462
Non-residential rate change	6,177,453	2,856,407
Fuel adjustment	79,938,081	111,803,673
Sales for resale	1,141,386	453,520
Utility surcharge	4,835,711	5,018,753
South Energy Center	16,476,950	16,274,305
Innovation Square	353,000	274,000
Other electric sales	3,191,497	2,991,092
Rate stabilization (to)/from	1,523,668	(3,756,508)
Other revenue	7,320,440	7,368,338
Interest income	644,606	663,436
Total Revenues	296,814,058	329,337,335
Operation and Maintenance Expenses:		
Fuel expenses	79,938,081	111,803,673
Operation and maintenance expenses	93,720,529	93,228,619
Total Operation and Maintenance Expenses	173,658,610	205,032,292
Total Net Revenues	123,155,448	124,305,043
Uses of Net Revenues:		
Debt service	71,284,412	71,730,634
Utility plant improvement fund	24,770,690	27,349,341
General fund transfer	23,388,369	22,311,376
Transfer from City of Gainesville General Fund for County Streetlights		(800,000)
Debt defeasance/Debt service	3,711,977	3,713,692
Total Uses of Net Revenues	123,155,448	124,305,043
Net Impact to Rate Stabilization	\$ - \$	

# Annual Operating Budget Water System

	2022	2023
Revenues:		
Sales of water	\$ 30,895,552 \$	31,116,664
Rate change revenue	-	-
University of Florida	2,039,528	1,881,782
Utility surcharge	2,579,779	2,644,916
Rate stabilization (to)/from	(680,975)	(3,041,533)
Connection charges	1,167,000	1,227,000
Surcharge on connections	96,000	31,000
Other revenue	2,625,037	2,691,464
Interest income	189,804	306,075
Total Revenues	38,911,725	36,857,368
Total Operation and Maintenance Expenses	18,972,300	17,467,669
Total Net Revenues	19,939,425	19,389,699
Uses of Net Revenues:		
Debt service	8,427,667	8,652,785
Utility plant improvement fund	6,765,625	6,371,313
General fund transfer	4,426,217	4,045,394
Debt defeasance/Debt service	319,916	320,207
Total Uses of Net Revenues	19,939,425	19,389,699
Net Impact to Rate Stabilization	\$ - \$	-

# Annual Operating Budget Wastewater System

	2022	2023
Revenues:		
Wastewater charges	\$ 37,353,008 \$	40,675,385
Rate change revenue	1,841,423	2,001,399
Utility surcharge	3,129,808	3,395,378
South Energy Center	91,764	91,764
Biosolids	300,000	300,000
Rate stabilization (to)/from	1,797,451	(3,437,640
Connection charges	2,001,000	2,098,000
Surcharge on connections	165,000	52,000
Other revenue	2,350,075	2,389,093
Interest income	98,987	154,042
Total Revenues	49,128,516	47,719,421
Total Operation and Maintenance Expenses	23,409,313	22,883,175
Total Net Revenues	25,719,203	24,836,246
Uses of Net Revenues:		
Debt service	11,695,566	12,007,752
Utility plant improvement fund	8,314,263	7,625,160
General fund transfer	5,346,802	4,840,760
Debt defeasance/Debt service	362,572	362,574
Total Uses of Net Revenues	25,719,203	24,836,246
Net Impact to Rate Stabilization	\$ - \$	

# Annual Operating Budget Gas System

	2022	2023
Revenues:		
Residential	\$ 8,385,440 \$	8,465,573
Residential rate change revenue	-	-
Non-residential	5,246,116	5,210,346
Non-residential rate change revenue	-	-
Purchased gas adjustment	7,925,032	15,765,595
Utility surcharge	577,385	582,066
Manufactured gas plant	1,194,755	1,192,755
Rate stabilization (to)/from	1,087,299	136,810
Other revenue	1,288,278	1,341,171
Interest income	134,216	107,935
Total Revenues	25,838,521	32,802,251
Operation and Maintenance Expenses:		
Purchased gas	7,925,032	15,765,595
Operation and maintenance expenses	6,163,378	6,399,003
Total Operation and Maintenance Expenses	14,088,410	22,164,598
Total Net Revenues	11,750,111	10,637,653
Uses of Net Revenues:		
Debt service	5,024,427	5,139,713
Utility plant improvement fund	4,762,422	3,503,680
General fund transfer	1,799,797	1,830,712
Debt defeasance/Debt service	163,465	163,548
Total Uses of Net Revenues	11,750,111	10,637,653
Net Impact to Rate Stabilization	\$ - \$	_

# Annual Operating Budget Telecommunications System

	2022		2023
Revenues:			
Telecommunications	\$ 7,4	60,180 \$	7,568,291
Trunking Radio Service	2,7	44,485	2,789,249
Tower lease rental	2,0	39,213	2,070,775
Intercompany loan	2,3	375,426	3,544,110
Other revenue		35,000	35,000
Interest income		16,276	2,211
Total Revenues	14,6	570,580	16,009,636
Total Operation and Maintenance Expenses	9,9	50,181	11,065,345
Total Net Revenues	4,7	20,399	4,944,291
Uses of Net Revenues:			
Debt service	2,1	35,759	2,219,550
Utility plant improvement fund	1,1	49,559	1,356,717
General fund transfer	1,3	321,815	1,254,758
Debt defeasance/Debt service	1	13,266	113,266
Total Uses of Net Revenues		20,399	4,944,291
Net Impact to Rate Stabilization	\$	- \$	



# Fiscal Year 2023 Budget Total Operations and Maintenance Labor and Non-Labor

## Combined System

	La	abor and Fringe	Non-Labor	2023	
Electric	\$	45,194,262 \$	47,234,359 \$	92,428,621	
Water		5,034,085	12,433,583	17,467,668	
Wastewater		8,966,883	13,916,292	22,883,175	
Gas		3,301,171	3,097,831	6,399,002	
Telecommunications		4,827,886	6,237,459	11,065,345	
Total Operations and Maintenance Labor and Non-Labor	\$	67,324,287 \$	82,919,524 \$	150,243,811	

	L	abor and Fringe	Non-Labor	2022	
	•	47.040.000 #		00 700 500	
Electric	\$	47,013,382 \$	46,707,147 \$	93,720,529	
Water		7,253,925	11,718,375	18,972,300	
Wastewater		10,820,452	12,588,861	23,409,313	
Gas		2,999,269	3,164,109	6,163,378	
Telecommunications		3,872,311	6,077,870	9,950,181	
Total Operations and Maintenance Labor and Non-Labor	\$	71,959,339 \$	80,256,362 \$	152,215,701	

## Electric System

	Labor and Fringe			Non-Labor		2023
Deerhaven Operations	\$	8,172,523	\$	3,448,566	\$	11,621,089
Deerhaven Renewables Operations	•	6,836,681	*	2,765,462	*	9,602,143
Major Maintenance Group		4,246,155		5.272.011		9,518,166
Electric Transmission and Distribution		4,541,880		4,075,409		8,617,289
Kelly Plant Operations		4,298,551		1,267,057		5,565,608
South Energy Center		1,593,685		3,404,607		4,998,292
Energy Delivery Electric Engineering		2,618,237		237,082		2,855,319
Substation/Relay/Relay Engineering		1,888,268		817,746		2,706,014
Energy Supply Water Systems		811,018		846,582		1,657,600
Energy Delivery Systems Control		3,609		1,488,357		1,491,966
Electric Meter Measurement		1,192,418		180,128		1,372,546
District Energy		1,068,228		55,455		1,123,683
Energy Supply Administration		1,060		558,191		559,251
Production Assurance Support		390,066		67,350		457,416
Fuels		429,550		16,450		446,000
Innovation Energy Center		532		307,290		307,822
Energy Supply Systems Control		213		213,880		214,093
Energy Delivery/Administration		-		18,000		18,000
Corporate Expenses		7,101,588		22,994,736		30,096,324
Total Operations and Maintenance Labor and Non-Labor	\$	45,194,262	\$	48,034,359	\$	93,228,621

	Labor and Fringe		Non-Labor			2022
Deerhaven Operations	\$	8,931,333	\$	3,326,880	\$	12,258,213
Deerhaven Renewables Operations	·	6,149,516	٠	3,135,795	•	9,285,311
Major Maintenance Group		2,743,924		5,839,634		8,583,558
Electric Transmission and Distribution		9,138,714		4,212,544		13,351,258
Kelly Plant Operations		3,822,877		1,250,369		5,073,246
South Energy Center		1,694,232		3,303,798		4,998,030
Energy Delivery Electric Engineering		2,686,606		164,233		2,850,839
Substation/Relay/Relay Engineering		1,735,578		865,685		2,601,263
Energy Supply Water Systems		1,890,816		868,395		2,759,211
Energy Delivery Systems Control		7,135		1,591,548		1,598,683
Electric Meter Measurement		204,807		179,586		384,393
District Energy		450,478		42,616		493,094
Energy Supply Administration		1,324		530,794		532,118
Production Assurance Support		624,481		67,350		691,831
Fuels		1,040,934		17,850		1,058,784
Innovation Energy Center		808		298,340		299,148
Energy Supply Systems Control		330		209,230		209,560
Energy Delivery/Administration		-		17,500		17,500
Corporate Expenses		5,889,489		20,785,000		26,674,489
Total Operations and Maintenance Labor and Non-Labor	\$	47,013,382	\$	46,707,147	\$	93,720,529

## Water System

	Lab	or and Fringe	Non-Labor	2023
Murphree Water Treatment Plant	\$	1.513.638	\$ 7.142.515	\$ 8,656,153
Distribution	•	2,400,204	650,639	3,050,843
Engineering		767,974	29,858	797,832
Water / Wastewater Planning		85,954	-	85,954
Corporate Expenses		266,315	4,610,571	4,876,886
Total Operations and Maintenance Labor and Non-Labor	\$	5,034,085	\$ 12,433,583	\$ 17,467,668

	Lab	or and Fringe	Non-Labor	2022
Murphree Water Treatment Plant	\$	2.603.725	\$ 6.506.786	\$ 9.110.511
Distribution	•	2,387,465	710,516	3,097,981
Engineering		120,471	100,483	220,954
Water / Wastewater Planning		49,399	-	49,399
Corporate Expenses		2,092,865	4,400,590	6,493,455
Total Operations and Maintenance Labor and Non-Labor	\$	7,253,925	\$ 11,718,375	\$ 18,972,300

## Wastewater System

	Lab	or and Fringe	Non-Labor	2023
Kanapaha Water Reclamation Facility	\$	2,245,243	\$ 4,696,871	\$ 6,942,114
Mainstreet Water Reclamation Facility		1,772,556	2,123,863	3,896,419
Wastewater Lift Stations		697,785	1,743,656	2,441,441
Wastewater Collection		1,594,272	578,755	2,173,027
Wastewater Engineering		805,711	54,854	860,565
Wastewater Kanapaha Lab		501,546	234,517	736,063
Reclaimed Water Distribution		58,818	8,044	66,862
Corporate Expenses		1,290,952	4,475,732	5,766,684
Total Operations and Maintenance Labor and Non-Labor	\$	8,966,883	\$ 13,916,292	\$ 22,883,175

	Lab	oor and Fringe	Non-Labor	2022
Kanapaha Water Reclamation Facility	\$	2,247,041	\$ 4,099,740	\$ 6,346,781
Mainstreet Water Reclamation Facility		1,425,949	1,680,267	3,106,216
Wastewater Lift Stations		785,974	1,573,340	2,359,314
Wastewater Collection		2,255,177	616,751	2,871,928
Wastewater Engineering		798,087	52,452	850,539
Wastewater Kanapaha Lab		518,717	227,808	746,525
Reclaimed Water Distribution		174,617	16,154	190,771
Corporate Expenses		2,614,890	4,322,349	6,937,239
Total Operations and Maintenance Labor and Non-Labor	\$	10,820,452	\$ 12,588,861	\$ 23,409,313

## Gas System

	Lab	or and Fringe	١	lon-Labor	2023
Meter Measurement Operations	\$	835,125	\$	207,809	\$ 1,042,934
Transmission and Distribution Operations		532,069		100,614	632,683
Transmission and Distribution Construction		503,359		78,281	581,640
Transmission and Distribution Engineering		294,760		21,849	316,609
Marketing		80		279,689	279,769
Transmission and Distribution Administration		2,157		55,397	57,554
Corporate Expenses		1,133,621		2,354,192	3,487,813
Total Operations and Maintenance Labor and Non-Labor	\$	3,301,171	\$	3,097,831	\$ 6,399,002

	Labo	or and Fringe	١	lon-Labor	2022
Meter Measurement Operations	\$	824,951	\$	191,315	\$ 1,016,266
Transmission and Distribution Operations		293,364		100,200	393,564
Transmission and Distribution Construction		692,035		82,202	774,237
Transmission and Distribution Engineering		335,129		21,341	356,470
Marketing		56		279,687	279,743
Transmission and Distribution Administration		1,501		52,633	54,134
Corporate Expenses		852,233		2,436,731	3,288,964
Total Operations and Maintenance Labor and Non-Labor	\$	2,999,269	\$	3,164,109	\$ 6,163,378

### Telecommunications System

	Labo	Labor and Fringe		Non-Labor		2023
Trunked Radio System	\$	269,536	\$	1,651,639	\$	1,921,175
Network Operations		653,480		1,180,443		1,833,923
Customer Operations		1,001,858		764,143		1,766,001
Business Administration		632,351		348,713		981,064
Network Operations Center		835,307		109,564		944,871
Engineering		324,047		91,852		415,899
Voice Operations		201,944		184,549		386,493
Central Office Operations		105,474		181,548		287,022
Engineering and Construction Administration		251,117		3,132		254,249
Technology and Services Administration		118,082		68,140		186,222
Chief Officer		5,789		204,610		210,399
Construction		112,367		74,169		186,536
GatorNet		92,238		52,581		144,819
Towe 1 - 12		1,719		99,779		101,498
Data Center Services		47,711		511		48,222
Internet Operations		39,557		2,924		42,481
Electronics		25,119		14,678		39,797
Technical Services		-		-		_
Corporate Expenses		110,190		1,204,484		1,314,674
Total Operations and Maintenance Labor and Non-Labor	\$	4,827,886	\$	6,237,459	\$	11,065,345

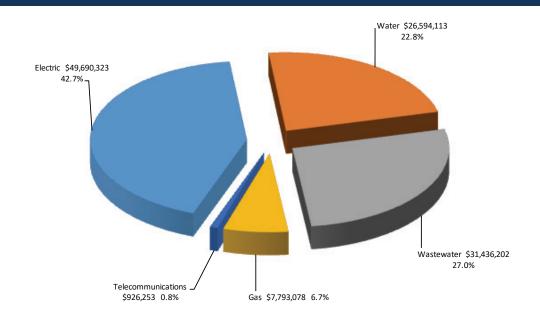
	Labor and Fringe		ı	Non-Labor		2022
Trunked Radio System	\$	292,822	\$	1,638,446	\$	1,931,268
Network Operations Center	•	1,337,792	*	826,065	•	2,163,857
Customer Operations		308,459		690,577		999,036
Business Administration		761,444		452,321		1,213,765
Engineering		178,253		2,556		180,809
Voice Operations		225,916		325,954		551,870
Central Office Operations		132,068		176,104		308,172
Engineering and Construction Administration		171,559		112,701		284,260
Technology and Services Administration		4,056		74,028		78,084
Chief Officer		8,285		224,113		232,398
Construction		29,887		320		30,207
GatorNet		89,368		46,198		135,566
Towers 1-12		836		74,810		75,646
Data Center Services		40,428		606		41,034
Internet Operations		109,977		215,419		325,396
Electronics		-		463		463
Technical Services		76,100		425		76,525
Corporate Expenses		105,061		1,216,764		1,321,825
Total Operations and Maintenance Labor and Non-Labor	\$	3,872,311	\$	6,077,870	\$	9,950,181



# Fiscal Year 2023 Budget Total Capital Labor and Non-Labor

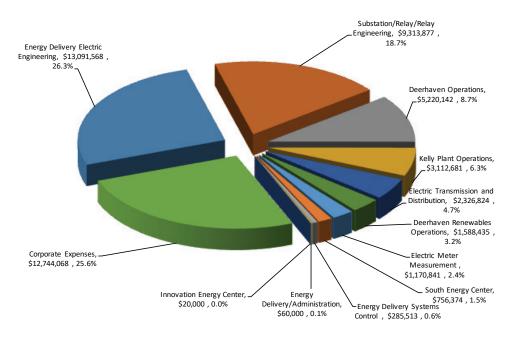
### Total Capital Labor and Non-Labor

## Combined Systems



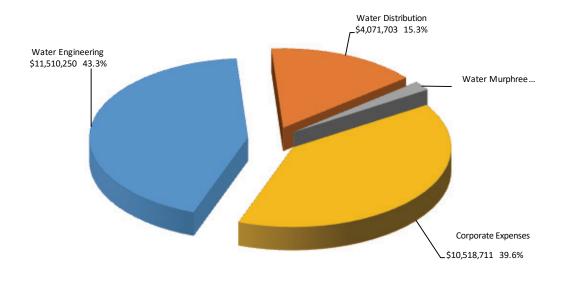
	Labo	or and Fringe	١	Non-Labor		2023
Electric	\$	15,053,372	\$	34.636.951	\$	49.690.323
Water	·	5,870,976	•	20,723,137	•	26,594,113
Wastewater		5,670,974		25,765,228		31,436,202
Gas		3,270,919		4,522,159		7,793,078
Telecommunications		118,366		807,887		926,253
Total Capital Labor and Non-Labor	\$	29,984,607	\$	86,455,362	\$	116,439,969
	Laho	or and Fringe		Non-Labor		2022
	Lube	r una i mige		TOII-LUDOI		LULL
Electric	\$	11,839,457	\$	37,610,312	\$	49,449,769
Water		3,414,370		20,283,113		23,697,483
Wastewater		4,500,544		25,402,066		29,902,610
Gas		3,334,589		5,714,042		9,048,631
Telecommunications		425,393		1,721,551		2,146,944
Total Capital Labor and Non-Labor	•	23,514,353	•	90,731,084	\$	114,245,437

# Total Capital Labor and Non-Labor Electric System



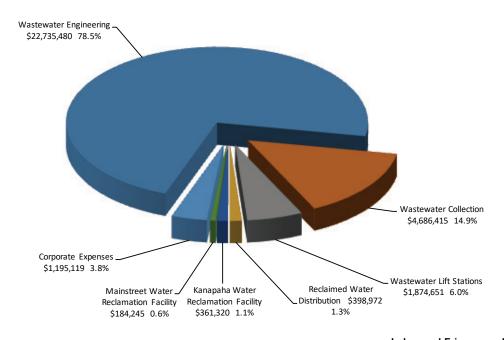
	Labo	r and Fringe	١	Non-Labor		2023
Energy Delivery Electric Engineering	\$	7,874,601	\$	5,216,967	\$	13,091,568
Substation/Relay/Relay Engineering		2,774,169		6,539,708		9,313,877
Deerhaven Operations		783,523		4,436,619		5,220,142
Kelly Plant Operations		258,865		2,853,816		3,112,681
Electric Transmission and Distribution		1,516,740		810,084		2,326,824
Deerhaven Renewables Operations		283,656		1,304,779		1,588,435
Electric Meter Measurement		602,506		568,335		1,170,841
South Energy Center		93,119		663,255		756,374
Energy Delivery Systems Control		3,251		282,262		285,513
Energy Delivery/Administration		-		60,000		60,000
Innovation Energy Center		-		20,000		20,000
Corporate Expenses		862,942		11,881,126		12,744,068
Total Capital Labor and Non-Labor	\$	15,053,372	\$	34,636,951	\$	49,690,323
	Labo	r and Fringe	١	Non-Labor		2022
Energy Delivery Electric Engineering	\$	6,091,255	\$	5,178,692	\$	11,269,947
Substation/Relay/Relay Engineering	Ψ	1,855,122	Ψ	4.379.757	Ψ	6,234,879
Deerhaven Operations		788,303		5,895,797		6,684,100
Kelly Plant Operations		196,593		3,371,581		3,568,174
Electric Transmission and Distribution		1,157,054		1,931,731		3,088,785
Deerhaven Renewables Operations		270,059		2,718,700		2,988,759
Electric Meter Measurement		569,437		695,176		1,264,613
South Energy Center		92,537		546,337		638,874
Energy Delivery Systems Control		3,531		110,000		113,531
Energy Delivery/Administration		-		-		-
Innovation Energy Center		792		60,000		60,792
Corporate Expenses		814,774		12,722,541		13,537,315

# Total Capital Labor and Non-Labor Water System



	Labor	and Fringe	1	Non-Labor	2023
Water Engineering Water Distribution	\$	3,677,005 1,568,265	\$	7,833,245 2,503,438	\$ 11,510,250 4,071,703
Water Murphree		39,513		453,936	493,449
Corporate Expenses		586,193		9,932,518	10,518,711
Total Capital Labor and Non-Labor	\$	5,870,976	\$	20,723,137	\$ 26,594,113
	Labor	and Fringe	1	Non-Labor	2022
Water Engineering Water Distribution Water Murphree Corporate Expenses	\$	1,190,398 1,679,500 65,795 478,677	\$	7,929,231 1,822,407 417,179 10,114,296	\$ 9,119,629 3,501,907 482,974 10,592,973
Total Capital Labor and Non-Labor	\$	3,414,370	\$	20,283,113	\$ 23,697,483

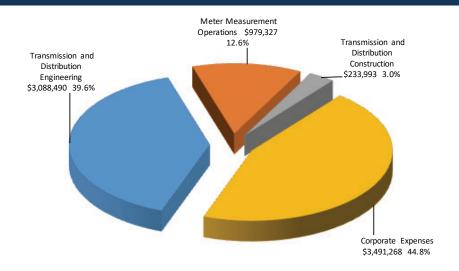
# Total Capital Labor and Non-Labor Wastewater System



	Labor	Labor and Fringe		Non-Labor	2023	
Wastewater Engineering	\$	2,463,823	\$	20,271,657	\$ 22,735,480	
Wastewater Collection		2,836,309		1,850,106	4,686,415	
Wastewater Lift Stations		132,061		1,742,590	1,874,651	
Reclaimed Water Distribution		171,885		227,087	398,972	
Kanapaha Water Reclamation Facility		9,969		351,351	361,320	
Mainstreet Water Reclamation Facility		3,909		180,336	184,245	
Corporate Expenses		53,018		1,142,101	1,195,119	
Total Capital Labor and Non-Labor	\$	5,670,974	\$	25,765,228	\$ 31,436,202	

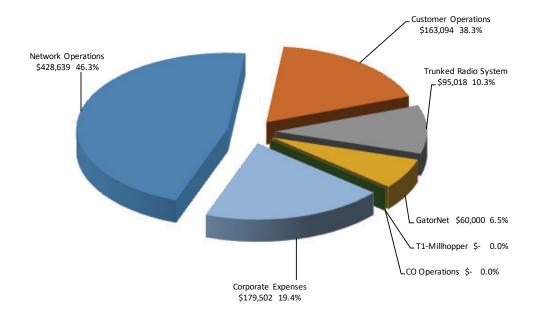
	Lab	or and Fringe	Non-Labor		2022	
Wastewater Engineering	\$	2.823.487	\$	20.624.657	\$	23.448.144
Wastewater Collection	•	1,433,228	·	2,240,153	·	3,673,381
Wastewater Lift Stations		49,667		472,857		522,524
Reclaimed Water Distribution		91,770		190,992		282,762
Kanapaha Water Reclamation Facility		14,778		287,240		302,018
Mainstreet Water Reclamation Facility		52,830		159,007		211,837
Corporate Expenses		34,784		1,427,160		1,461,944
Total Capital Labor and Non-Labor	\$	4,500,544	\$	25,402,066	\$	29,902,610

# Total Capital Labor and Non-Labor Gas System



	Labor an	d Fringe	N	on-Labor	2023
Transmission and Distribution Engineering	\$	2,363,824	\$	724,666	\$ 3,088,490
Meter Measurement Operations		466,023		513,304	979,327
Transmission and Distribution Construction		174,609		59,384	233,993
Corporate Expenses		266,463		3,224,805	3,491,268
Total Capital Labor and Non-Labor	\$	3,270,919	\$	4,522,159	\$ 7,793,078
	Labor an	d Fringe	N	on-Labor	2022
	Labor an	d Fringe	N	on-Labor	2022
Transmission and Distribution Engineering	Labor an	<b>d Fringe</b> 194,395		on-Labor 3,617,594	\$ <b>2022</b> 3,811,989
Transmission and Distribution Engineering Meter Measurement Operations		<u> </u>			\$ 
0 0	\$	194,395 468,617		3,617,594	\$ 3,811,989 1,600,485
Meter Measurement Operations	\$	194,395		3,617,594 1,131,868	\$ 3,811,989

## Total Capital Labor and Non-Labor Telecommunications System



	Labor and Fringe Non-Labor			2023		
Network Operations	\$ 11	4,507	\$	314,132	\$	428,639
Customer Operations		´-		163,094		163,094
Trunked Radio System		3,018		92,000		95,018
GatorNet		´-		60,000		60,000
T1-Millhopper		_		, -		· -
CO Operations		_		-		-
Corporate Expenses		841		178,661		179,502
Total Capital Labor and Non-Labor	\$ 11	8.366	\$	807.887	\$	926.253

	Labor an	d Fringe	N	on-Labor	2022
Network Operations	\$	,	\$	-,	\$ 1,033,862
Customer Operations		28,242		88,089	116,331
Trunked Radio System		-		-	-
Gatornet		15,285		47,675	62,960
T1-Millhopper		1,892		20,000	21,892
CO Operations		70,950		750,000	820,950
Corporate Expenses		280		90,669	90,949
Total Capital Labor and Non-Labor	\$	425,393	\$	1,721,551	\$ 2,146,944



# Fiscal Year 2023 Budget Revenues

#### Fiscal Year 2023 Revenues

## Combined Systems

	2022	2023
Electric	\$ 296,814,058	\$ 329,337,335
Water	38,911,725	36,857,368
Wastewater	49,128,516	47,719,421
Gas	25,838,521	32,802,251
Telecommunications	14,670,580	16,009,636
Total Revenues	\$ 425,363,400	\$ 462,726,011

FY23 budgeted revenues include projected revenue requirement increases of 3% in the Electric System and 5% in the Wastewater System. Fuel adjustment revenue, which is a pass-through to customers, is projected to increase by approximately \$39.7 million in FY23. Net of revenue requirement increases, fuel and transfers to/from the Rate Stabilization Fund, FY23 revenues are projected to be approximately \$16.4 million or 5.2% greater than FY22 levels.

Please see individual pages for descriptions and highlights.

### Fiscal Year 2023 Revenues

## Electric System

	2022	2023
Residential sales	\$ 78,710,652	\$ 85,256,172
Residential rate change	5,509,746	2,557,685
Non-residential sales	90,990,868	97,576,462
Non-residential rate change	6,177,453	2,856,407
Fuel adjustment	79,938,081	111,803,673
Sales for Resale	1,141,386	453,520
Utility surcharge	4,835,711	5,018,753
South Energy Center	16,476,950	16,274,305
Innovation Sqaure	353,000	274,000
Other electric sales	3,191,497	2,991,092
Rate stabilization (to)/from	1,523,668	(3,756,508)
Other revenue	7,320,440	7,368,338
Interest income	644,606	663,436
Total Revenues	\$ 296,814,058	\$ 329,337,335

#### Overview

Residential and non-residential sales, excluding rate change revenue, increased by approximately \$2.9 million or 3.3%. Total Electric System revenues net of fuel, transfers from the Rate Stabilization Fund, and rate change revenue rose approximately \$12.2 million or 5.9%. Total revenues include approximately \$5.4 million in rate change revenue based on a 3% revenue requirement increase, and \$31.9 million in fuel adjustment revenue which is a pass-through to customer bills.

## Fiscal Year 2023 Revenues Electric System Continued

- Forecasts were developed from models that project the number of customers and usage per customer for each major billing class. Demographic, economic, and climate related variables were incorporated from independent external sources. Revenue projections are the product of number of customers, billed sales and GRU's prevailing prices.
- Cumulative increases in retail revenues from proposed rate changes are shown as residential and non-residential rate change revenue.
- The South Energy Center (SEC) is a combined heat and power plant providing electricity, chilled water, steam, and the storage and delivery of medical gases to the University of Florida Health (UF Health) Cancer Center. The SEC has contributed significant revenues to the Electric System since May 2009. Phase II of SEC is now completed in conjunction with the completion of the new UF Health Heart & Vascular and Neuromedicine hospitals.
- Innovation Square is a research and business development effort of the University of Florida and is served by the Electric System.
- Fuel adjustment revenues offset fuel and purchased power costs.
- Surcharge revenues are a 10% charge applied to the non-fuel portion of retail rates for customers outside the incorporated portion of the City of Gainesville.
- Other revenue includes Build America Bonds payments, late fees and other miscellaneous service charges.
- Interest income is generated from the investment earnings for the Operating Fund, Rate Stabilization Fund and Utility Plant Improvement Fund for each system.
- Rate Stabilization revenues are withdrawals from (if positive) or deposits to (if negative) Rate Stabilization Fund.

#### **Budget Highlights**

- The number of electric customers is forecast to increase at an average annual rate of 0.49% per year over the next 10 years.
- Retail electric energy sales are forecast to increase at an average annual rate of 0.68% per year through fiscal 2031.
- Revenues from retail electric energy sales are projected to increase at an average annual rate of 0.60% per year over the next 10 years, under current rates.
- The forecast ten year average annual growth rate in residential average use is 0.00%.

#### Fiscal Year 2023 Revenues

### Water System

	2022	2023
Sales of water	\$ 30,895,552 \$	31,116,664
Rate change revenue	-	-
University of Florida	2,039,528	1,881,782
Utility surcharge	2,579,779	2,644,916
Rate stabilization (to)/from	(680,975)	(3,041,533)
Connection charges	1,167,000	1,227,000
Surcharge on connections	96,000	31,000
Other revenue	2,625,037	2,691,464
Interest income	189,804	306,075
Total Revenues	\$ 38,911,725 \$	36,857,368

#### Overview

Net of transfers from or (to) the Rate Stabilization Fund, projected Water System revenues increased by approximately \$306,000 or 0.77%.

## Fiscal Year 2023 Revenues Water System Continued

#### Description

- Forecasts were developed from models that project number of customers and usage per customer for each major billing class. Demographic, economic, and climate related variables were incorporated from independent external sources. Revenue projections are the product of number of customers, billed sales and GRU's prevailing prices.
- Revenues are obtained from retail sales to residential and non-residential customers served by the potable water system and include monthly customer charges and usage charges (Kgal) based on metered water sales.
- UF Revenues represent wholesale water sales to the UF campus, which maintains its own distribution system, as well as off-campus UF facilities.
- Cumulative increases in retail revenues from proposed rate changes are shown as rate change revenue.
- The SEC, as described in the Electric System, is a generation facility that became operational in 2009 and is served by the Water System.
- A surcharge of 25% is collected outside the incorporated portion of the City of Gainesville.
- Connection fees are collected to recover the costs of meter installations, transmission and distribution, and water treatment and supply required for each new customer. There is a 25% surcharge on connection fees for customers outside the incorporated portion of the City.
- Interest income is generated from the investment earnings for the Operating Fund, Rate Stabilization Fund and Utility Plant Improvement Fund for each system.
- Rate Stabilization revenues are withdrawals from (if positive) or deposits to (if negative) Rate Stabilization Fund.

#### **Budget Highlights**

- The number of total water customers is forecast to increase at an average annual rate of 0.65% per year over the next 10 years.
- Total water sales are forecast to increase at an average annual rate of 0.43% per year through 2031.
- Revenues from water sales, including sales related to UF and surcharge revenues, are projected
  to increase at an average annual rate of 0.47% per year over the next 10 years. This projection
  does not include any changes to rates for water service.

#### Fiscal Year 2023 Revenues

### Wastewater System

2022		2023
\$ 37,353,008	\$	40,675,385
1,841,423		2,001,399
3,129,808		3,395,378
91,764		91,764
300,000		300,000
1,797,451		(3,437,640)
2,001,000		2,098,000
165,000		52,000
2,350,075		2,389,093
98,987		154,042
\$ 49.128.516	\$	47,719,421
\$	\$ 37,353,008 1,841,423 3,129,808 91,764 300,000 1,797,451 2,001,000 165,000 2,350,075 98,987	\$ 37,353,008 \$ 1,841,423 3,129,808 91,764 300,000 1,797,451 2,001,000 165,000 2,350,075 98,987

#### Overview

Net of transfers to the Rate Stabilization Fund and rate change revenue, FY23 revenues increased by approximately \$3.7 million or 8% from FY22 levels. This increase is related primarily to elimination of the winter max and billing commercial customers at 100% vs 95% of their water usage. The projected \$2,001,399 in rate change revenue results from a 5% revenue requirement increase.

## Fiscal Year 2023 Revenues Wastewater System Continued

- Forecasts were developed from models that project number of customers and usage per customer for each major billing class. Demographic, economic, and climate related variables were incorporated from independent external sources. Revenue projections are the product of number of customers, billed quantities and GRU's prevailing prices.
- Revenues are obtained from wastewater charges to residential and non-residential customers served by our wastewater collection, treatment, re-use and disposal systems.
- Cumulative increases in retail revenues from proposed rate changes are shown as rate change revenue.
- Wastewater is not metered.
- The SEC is a generation facility that became operational in 2009 and is served by the Wastewater System.
- Biosolids revenue is generated for the receipt, treatment and beneficial reuse of waste residuals of other municipalities and septage haulers.
- A surcharge of 25% is collected from customers outside the incorporated portion of the City of Gainesville.
- Connection charges are collected to recover the capital costs of wastewater collection and treatment required for each new customer. There is a 25% surcharge on connection fees for customers outside the incorporated portion of the City.
- Interest income is generated from the investment earnings for the Operating Fund, Rate Stabilization Fund and Utility Plant Improvement Fund for each System.
- Rate Stabilization revenues are withdrawals from (if positive) or deposits to (if negative) Rate Stabilization Fund.

#### **Budget Highlights**

- The number of total wastewater customers is forecast to increase at an average annual rate of 0.68% per year over the next 10 years.
- The quantity of wastewater billed to all customers is forecast to increase at an average annual rate of 0.38% per year through fiscal year 2031.
- Revenues from wastewater system monthly billings are projected to increase at an average annual rate of 0.32% per year over the next 10 years. This projection does not include any changes to wastewater rates.

#### Fiscal Year 2023 Revenues

### Gas System

	2022		2023
Residential	\$	8,385,440 \$	8,465,573
Residential rate change revenue		-	-
Non-residential		5,246,116	5,210,346
Non-residential rate change revenue		-	-
Purchased gas adjustment		7,925,032	15,765,595
Utility surcharge		577,385	582,066
Manufactured gas plant		1,194,755	1,192,755
Rate stabilization (to)/from		1,087,299	136,810
Other revenue		1,288,278	1,341,171
Interest income		134,216	107,935
Total Revenue	\$	25,838,521 \$	32,802,251

#### Overview

Net of fuel and transfers (to)/from the Rate Stabilization Fund, projected Gas System revenues increased by approximately \$74,000 or 0.44%.

## Fiscal Year 2023 Revenues Gas System Continued

#### Description

- Forecasts were developed from models that project number of customers and usage per customer for each major billing class. Demographic, economic, and climate related variables were incorporated from independent external sources. Revenue projections are the product of number of customers, billed sales, and GRU's prevailing prices.
- Cumulative increases in retail revenues from proposed rate changes are shown as rate change revenue
- The Manufactured Gas Plant Cost Recovery Factor (MGPCRF) is a component of revenue based on therm sales. It recovers the cost of environmental clean-up at the former Gainesville Gas Manufactured Gas Plant. This cost is partially offset with insurance proceeds, with the project expected to total approximately \$29.2 million.
- Purchased Gas Adjustment (PGA) revenue is collected for the natural gas fuel distributed to customers.
- Surcharge revenues are a 10% charge applied to the non-fuel portion of retail rates for customers outside the incorporated portion of the City of Gainesville.
- Other revenue includes transportation sales to UF's cogeneration facility, late fees, service charges, and sales to liquid propane distribution system customers.
- Interest income is generated from the investment earnings for the Operating Fund, Rate Stabilization Fund, and Utility Plant Improvement Fund for each System.
- Rate Stabilization revenues are withdrawals from (if positive) or deposits to (if negative) Rate Stabilization Fund.

#### **Budget Highlights**

- The number of retail natural gas system customers is forecast to increase at an average annual rate of 0.72% per year over the next 10 years.
- Total retail natural gas system energy sales are forecast to increase at an average annual rate of 0.39% per year through fiscal year 2031.
- Non-fuel revenues from sales to retail natural gas customers are projected to increase at an average rate of 0.35% per year over the next 10 years. This projection does not include any changes to natural gas rates.

#### Fiscal Year 2023 Revenues

### Telecommunications System

	2022		2023
Telecommunications	\$ 7,460,180	\$	7,568,291
Trunking Radio Service	2,744,485		2,789,249
Tower lease rental	2,039,213		2,070,775
Other revenue	35,000		35,000
Interest income	16,276		2,211
Total Sales	\$ 12,295,154	\$	12,465,526
Intercompany Loan	2,375,426		3,544,110
Total Revenue	\$ 14,670,580	\$	16,009,636

#### Overview

Net of transfers from the Rate Stabilization Fund, Telecommunications System revenues are projected to decline by approximately \$170,000 or 1.4%. The Telecommunications System is projected to operate at a loss for 2022 and 2023. Management is currently evaluating options for the system.

## Fiscal Year 2023 Revenues Telecommunications Continued

#### Description

- Telecommunications revenues are based on historical sales trends, anticipated customer growth and competitive market conditions. Projections reflect an expectation for continued growth in business services and a continued erosion in carrier services.
- Trunking Radio Service revenue projections are based on the historical trends of number of radios
  deployed pursuant to the billing rates established under the existing inter-local agreement which
  expired in 2020. Management is currently in negotiations with subscribers to update and expand
  coverage of the system, and the potential changes to revenues are reflected in the 2022 projections.
- Tower lease rental services are primarily tower space leases with Personal Wireless Communications Services (PCS) providers. Revenues from new leases executed in recent months are included in the forecast. Tower space leases contain provisions for automatic annual rent increases included in the projections.
- Interest income is generated from the investment earnings for the Operating Fund, Rate Stabilization Fund and Utility Plant Improvement Fund for each system.
- Rate Stabilization revenues are withdrawals from (if positive) or deposits to (if negative) Rate Stabilization Fund. GRUCom has been experiencing an inability to cover its expenses. Interfund loans have been provided to the system as a temporary bridge while the long term operational and financial aspects of GRUcom's future are being reviewed.

#### **Budget Highlights**

- GRUCom data and Internet services continue to be in high demand by local businesses.
- GRUCom is now offering "Gator Net Wi-Fi" Internet service to residential multiple dwelling units and student housing communities. It is expected that demand for this Wi-Fi service offering will continue to increase as housing consumers seek the benefits of wireless Internet access backed by fiber-tothe-home (FTTH) technology and ultra-fast broadband services. GRUCom continues to receive requests from existing and newly developed apartment complexes for GATOR NET services (both wired and wireless). Revenues from these new contracts are included in projections.
- GRUCom introduced a new voice services product line in fiscal year 2019.



# Fiscal Year 2023 Budget Payroll

## Fiscal Year 2023 Payroll Combined Systems

	Labor		Fringe	2023
Faceron Commit	Ф 40 400 40E	Φ	F 050 540	Ф 04 007 70 <i>5</i>
Energy Supply	\$ 16,438,185	\$	5,259,540	\$ 21,697,725
Energy Delivery	19,072,680		5,753,969	24,826,649
Water	5,612,188		1,796,221	7,408,409
Wastewater	6,715,777		2,130,588	8,846,365
Gas	2,626,639		820,708	3,447,347
Telecommunications	3,085,133		926,553	4,011,686
Administration	3,426,414		1,102,763	4,529,177
Budget, Finance & Accounting	3,861,604		1,235,230	5,096,834
Customer Support Services	6,002,190		1,875,332	7,877,522
Information Technology	7,329,309		2,237,871	9,567,180
Total Payroll	\$ 74,170,119	\$	23,138,775	\$ 97,308,894

	Labor		Fringe	2022
				_
Energy Supply	\$ 16,909,566	\$	5,276,461	\$ 22,186,027
Energy Delivery	17,784,308		5,459,177	23,243,485
Water	5,829,286		1,813,780	7,643,066
Wastewater	6,762,779		2,106,617	8,869,396
Gas	2,563,743		795,570	3,359,313
Telecommunications	2,536,353		774,793	3,311,146
Administration	3,360,856		1,088,720	4,449,576
Budget, Finance & Accounting	3,336,133		1,038,252	4,374,385
Customer Support Services	6,553,076		2,030,062	8,583,138
Information Technology	7,254,191		2,199,970	9,454,161
Total Payroll	\$ 72,890,291	\$ 2	22,583,402	\$ 95,473,693

Full Time Equivalent (FTE)	2022	2023
MAP	299.00	299.00
CWA	633.25	633.25
Total FTEs Authorized	932.25	932.25

## **Energy Supply**

	Labor	Fringe	2023
Deerhaven Operations	\$ 3,316,926	\$ 1,082,375	\$ 4,399,301
Deerhaven Renewables Operations	2,946,295	899,682	3,845,977
Major Maintenance Group	2,665,507	845,325	3,510,832
Energy Supply Administration	2,020,558	659,322	2,679,880
Kelly Plant Operations	1,742,128	555,316	2,297,444
Energy Supply Systems Control	929,921	313,406	1,243,327
Production Assurance Support	916,329	307,873	1,224,202
South Energy Center	699,121	223,223	922,344
District Energy	502,375	139,861	642,236
Energy Supply Water Systems	372,159	130,474	502,633
Fuels	326,866	102,683	429,549
Deerhaven Administration	-	-	-
Deerhaven Renewables Administration	-	-	-
Kelly Plant Administration	-	-	-
Total Payroll	\$ 16,438,185	\$ 5,259,540	\$ 21,697,725

		Labor	Fringe		2022
Death aven Operations	\$	2 602 472	\$ 1.146.119	¢.	4 920 502
Deerhaven Operations	Ф	3,683,473	+ 1,112,112	\$	4,829,592
Deerhaven Renewables Operations		2,725,570	851,096		3,576,666
Major Maintenance Group		2,692,236	838,940		3,531,176
Energy Supply Administration		1,302,751	416,772		1,719,523
Kelly Plant Operations		1,714,376	540,640		2,255,016
Systems Control		1,099,156	343,573		1,442,729
Production Assurance Support		1,073,416	313,818		1,387,234
South Energy Center		721,321	224,870		946,191
District Energy		320,008	99,481		419,489
Energy Supply Water Systems		464,744	148,358		613,102
Fuels		322,899	100,467		423,366
Deerhaven Administration		235,547	78,407		313,954
Deerhaven Renewables Administration		341,330	106,613		447,943
Kelly Plant Administration		212,739	67,307		280,046
Total Pavroli	\$	16.909.566	\$ 5.276.461	\$	22.186.027

Full Time Equivalent (FTE)	2022	2023
MAP	41.00	41.00
CWA	153.00	153.00
Total FTEs Authorized	194.00	194.00

## Fiscal Year 2023 Payroll Energy Delivery

	Labor	Fringe	2023
			_
Energy Delivery/Administration	\$ 6,436,772	\$ 1,854,431	\$ 8,291,203
Electric Transmission and Distribution	5,921,165	1,902,484	7,823,649
Energy Delivery Systems Control	2,245,856	689,774	2,935,630
Substation/Relay/Relay Engineering	1,758,002	525,571	2,283,573
Electric Meter Measurement	1,397,321	357,867	1,755,188
Energy Delivery Electric Engineering	1,313,564	423,842	1,737,406
Total Payroll	\$ 19,072,680	\$ 5,753,969	\$ 24,826,649

	Labor	Fringe	2022
Energy Delivery/Administration	\$ 5,978,150	\$ 1,818,666	\$ 7,796,816
Electric Transmission and Distribution	6,016,665	1,880,801	7,897,466
Energy Delivery Systems Control	2,309,359	681,672	2,991,031
Substation/Relay/Relay Engineering	1,500,104	461,959	1,962,063
Electric Meter Measurement	606,787	185,364	792,151
Energy Delivery Electric Engineering	1,373,243	430,715	1,803,958
Total Payroll	\$ 17,784,308	\$ 5,459,177	\$ 23,243,485

Full Time Equivalent (FTE)	2022	2023
MAP	48.00	48.00
CWA	179.00	179.00
Total FTEs Authorized	227.00	227.00

	Labor		Fringe		2023
Distribution	\$ 2,372,918	\$	761,324	\$	3,134,242
Murphree Water Treatment Plant	1,384,241		451,042		1,835,283
Engineering	1,004,536		306,036		1,310,572
Water / Wastewater Engineering	320,776		100,993		421,769
Water / Wastewater Planning	313,827		105,145		418,972
Water / Wastewater Administration	215,890		71,681		287,571
Total Payroll	\$ 5,612,188	\$	1,796,221	\$	7,408,409

	Labor		Fringe	2022
Distribution	\$ 2,466,631	\$	767,176	\$ 3,233,807
MurphreeWater Treatment Plant	1,499,747		467,317	1,967,064
Engineering	965,701		295,216	1,260,917
Water / Wastewater Engineering	314,244		98,285	412,529
Water / Wastewater Planning	369,569		115,547	485,116
Water / Wastewater Administration	213,394		70,239	283,633
Total Payroll	\$ 5,829,286	\$	1,813,780	\$ 7,643,066

Full Time Equivalent (FTE)	2022	2023
MAP	17.00	17.00
CWA	57.00	57.00
Total FTEs Authorized	74.00	74.00

## Fiscal Year 2023 Payroll Wastewater

	Labor	Fringe	2023
Wastewater Collection	\$ 2,417,109	\$ 773,415	\$ 3,190,524
Kanapaha Water Reclamation Facility	1,402,994	447,690	1,850,684
Wastewater Engineering	1,026,889	313,642	1,340,531
Mainstreet Water Reclamation Facility	1,021,217	313,493	1,334,710
Wastewater Lift Stations	458,064	154,754	612,818
Wastewater Kanapaha Lab	301,834	95,605	397,439
Reclaimed Water Distribution	87,670	31,989	119,659
Total Payroll	\$ 6,715,777	\$ 2,130,588	\$ 8,846,365

Labor	Fringe	2022
\$ 2,394,404	\$ 755,365	\$ 3,149,769
1,439,460	450,818	1,890,278
1,036,451	311,442	1,347,893
924,180	287,576	1,211,756
539,930	168,059	707,989
300,573	93,434	394,007
127,781	39,923	167,704
\$ 6,762,779	\$ 2,106,617	\$ 8,869,396
	2022	2023
	12.00	12.00
	83.00	83.00
	95.00	95.00
	\$ 2,394,404 1,439,460 1,036,451 924,180 539,930 300,573 127,781	\$ 2,394,404 \$ 755,365 1,439,460 450,818 1,036,451 311,442 924,180 287,576 539,930 168,059 300,573 93,434 127,781 39,923 \$ 6,762,779 \$ 2,106,617 2022 12.00 83.00

### Gas

	Labor		Fringe		2023
Transmission and Distribution Operations	\$	815,259	\$	246,620	\$ 1,061,879
Meter Measurement Operations		585,495		187,505	773,000
Transmission and Distribution Construction		584,376		188,014	772,390
Transmission and Distribution Engineering		269,573		80,528	350,101
Transmission and Distribution Administration		218,143		70,273	288,416
Marketing		153,793		47,768	201,561
Total Payroll	\$ 2	2,626,639	\$	820,708	\$ 3,447,347

	Labor		Fringe			2022
Transmission and Distribution Operations	\$	706,848	\$	220,260	\$	927,108
Meter Measurement Operations		617,281		191,475		808,756
Transmission and Distribution Construction		611,930		190,864		802,794
Transmission and Distribution Engineering		258,891		77,112		336,003
Transmission and Distribution Administration		216,620		69,054		285,674
Marketing		152,173		46,805		198,978
Total Payroll	\$ 2	2,563,743	\$	795,570	\$ :	3,359,313

Full Time Equivalent (FTE)	2022	2023
MAP	5.00	5.00
CWA	32.00	32.00
Total FTEs Authorized	37.00	37.00

### Telecommunications

	Labor		Fringe		2023
Technical Services	\$	498,117	\$ 143,394	\$	641,511
Network Operations Center		446,937	157,555		604,492
Construction		408,892	113,885		522,777
Engineering		400,227	110,651		510,878
Business Administration		315,386	97,739		413,125
Chief Officer		214,923	70,684		285,607
Electronics		220,562	64,270		284,832
Trunked Radio System		156,650	49,449		206,099
Work Management		161,779	37,128		198,907
Technology and Services Administration		143,491	30,764		174,255
Engineering and Construction Administration		118,169	51,034		169,203
Total Payroll	\$	3,085,133	\$ 926,553	\$ 4	4,011,686

	Labor		Fringe		2022
Technical Services	\$	389,852	\$ 118,709	\$	508,561
Network Operations Center		526,157	158,946		685,103
Construction		272,850	83,610		356,460
Engineering		256,280	78,731		335,011
Business Administration		314,437	96,273		410,710
Chief Officer		205,232	67,729		272,961
Electronics		174,249	54,111		228,360
Trunked Radio System		155,723	48,584		204,307
Work Management		86,576	19,689		106,265
Technology and Services Administration		-	-		-
Planning		154,997	48,411		203,408
Total Payroll	\$ 2	2,536,353	\$ 774,793	\$ :	3,311,146

Full Time Equivalent (FTE)	2022	2023
MAP	14.00	14.00
CWA	24.00	24.00
Total FTEs Authorized	38.00	38.00

### Administration

	Labor	Fringe	2023
Safety and Training	\$ 939,611	\$ 296,528	\$ 1,236,139
General Manager	652,176	211,421	863,597
Electric Environment	532,724	178,495	711,219
Office of Inclusion	426,953	136,154	563,107
Communications	333,555	104,091	437,646
Chief Operating Officer	279,332	94,103	373,435
Electric Reliability	262,063	81,971	344,034
Tatal Barrell	¢ 2 400 444	¢ 4 400 700	<u> </u>
Total Payroll	\$ 3,426,414	<b>\$ 1,102,763</b>	\$ 4,529,177

		Labor		Fringe	2022
Safety and Training	\$	921,752	\$	287,930	\$ 1,209,682
General Manager		584,972		194,216	779,188
Electric Environment		543,210		178,487	721,697
Office of Inclusion		433,521		135,876	569,397
Communications		336,055		118,618	454,673
Chief Operating Officer		281,809		93,221	375,030
Electric Reliability		259,537		80,372	339,909
Total Payroll	\$ 3	,360,856	\$ ^	1,088,720	\$ 4,449,576

Full Time Equivalent (FTE)	2022	2023
MAP	29.00	29.00
CWA	7.00	7.00
Total FTEs Authorized	36.00	36.00

## Fiscal Year 2023 Payroll Budget, Finance and Accounting

	Labor		Fringe		2023
Financial Accounting	\$	915,673	\$	279,303	\$ 1,194,976
Procurement		601,833		196,207	798,040
Project Management		517,296		164,011	681,307
Managerial Accounting		470,415		148,455	618,870
Chief Financial Officer		406,432		132,811	539,243
Rates and Forecasting		306,409		104,344	410,753
Budget		250,481		84,702	335,183
Treasury		212,320		67,058	279,378
Accounts Payable		180,745		58,339	239,084
Total Payroll	\$	3,861,604	\$	1,235,230	\$ 5,096,834

	Labor		Fringe		2022
Financial Accounting	\$	846,433	\$	260,706	\$ 1,107,139
Procurement		-		-	-
Project Management		524,724		163,384	688,108
Managerial Accounting		485,759		147,974	633,733
Chief Financial Officer		405,157		130,803	535,960
Rates and Forecasting		380,260		118,433	498,693
Budget		304,522		94,030	398,552
Treasury		210,694		65,807	276,501
Accounts Payable		178,584		57,115	235,699
Total Payroll	\$	3,336,133	\$	1,038,252	\$ 4,374,385

Full Time Equivalent (FTE)	2022	2023
MAP	37.00	37.00
CWA	5.00	5.00
Total FTEs Authorized	42.00	42.00

### Customer Support Services

	Labor	Fringe	2023
			_
Customer Services	\$ 1,820,905	\$ 568,169 \$	2,389,074
Utilities Stores	784,252	251,617	1,035,869
Energy and Business Services	780,962	231,105	1,012,067
Billing and Customer Solutions	535,676	169,329	705,005
Project Management Office	394,861	106,866	501,727
Facilities Maintenance	287,714	94,155	381,869
New Services	271,637	80,361	351,998
Administrative Services	239,664	83,293	322,957
Customer Operations	243,290	78,981	322,271
Chief Customer Officer	204,498	71,962	276,460
Revenue Assurance	200,854	61,909	262,763
Land Rights / Real Estate	163,571	53,102	216,673
Mail Services	74,306	24,483	98,789
Procurement	-	-	-
Total Payroll	\$ 6,002,190	\$ 1,875,332 \$	7,877,522

	Labor	Fringe	2022
Customer Service	\$ 1,710,438	\$ 544,976 \$	2,255,414
Utilities Stores	809,852	252,319	1,062,171
Energy and Business Services	752,769	226,869	979,638
Billing and Customer Solutions	546,300	169,421	715,721
Project Management Office	328,836	91,671	420,507
Facilities Maintenance	314,998	98,172	413,170
New Services	261,925	72,912	334,837
Administrative Services	238,542	79,273	317,815
Customer Operations	314,051	88,275	402,326
Chief Customer Officer	204,939	70,135	275,074
Revenue Assurance	198,092	62,820	260,912
Land Rights / Real Estate	189,002	57,756	246,758
Mail Services	85,324	26,497	111,821
Procurement	598,008	188,966	786,974
Total Payroll	\$ 6,553,076	\$ 2,030,062 \$	8,583,138

Full Time Equivalent (FTE)	2022	2023
MAP	37.00	37.00
CWA	81.25	81.25
Total FTEs Authorized	118.25	118.25

## Fiscal Year 2023 Payroll Information Technology

	Labor		Fringe		2023
Taskwisel Managamant	¢ 2.474.4	00 0	1 065 292	¢.	4 520 791
Technical Management	\$ 3,474,4		,,	\$	4,539,781
Application Management	2,066,4	46	599,409		2,665,855
Administration	1,788,3	65	573,179		2,361,544
Total Payroll	\$ 7,329,30	9 \$	2,237,871	\$	9,567,180

	Labor	Fringe	2022	
Technical Management	\$ 3,350,496	\$ 1,038,765	\$ 4,389,261	
Application Management	1,781,506	553,174	2,334,680	
Administration	2,122,189	608,031	2,730,220	
Total Payroll	\$ 7,254,191	\$ 2,199,970	\$ 9,454,161	

Full Time Equivalent (FTE)	2022	2023
MAP	59.00	59.00
CWA	12.00	12.00
Total FTEs Authorized	71.00	71.00



# Fiscal Year 2023 Budget Operations and Maintenance Non-Labor

## Operations and Maintenance Non-Labor Combined Systems

	2023
Energy Supply	17,744,741
Energy Delivery	7,434,473
Water	8,072,377
Wastewater	8,999,176
Gas	641,753
Telecommunications	4,982,092
Administration	2,299,903
Budget, Finance and Accounting	1,162,861
Customer Support Services	6,478,434
Information Technology	9,323,562
Corporate Expenses	16,580,152
Total Operations and Maintenance Non-Labor	\$ 83,719,524

	2022
Energy Supply	18,502,000
Energy Delivery	7,598,537
Water	7,349,238
Wastewater	7,782,980
Gas	613,328
Telecommunications	4,807,665
Administration	2,236,986
Budget, Finance and Accounting	733,527
Customer Support Services	6,182,973
Information Technology	8,824,927
Corporate Expenses	15,624,200
Total Operations and Maintenance Non-Labor	\$ 80,256,361

## Operations and Maintenance Non-Labor Energy Supply

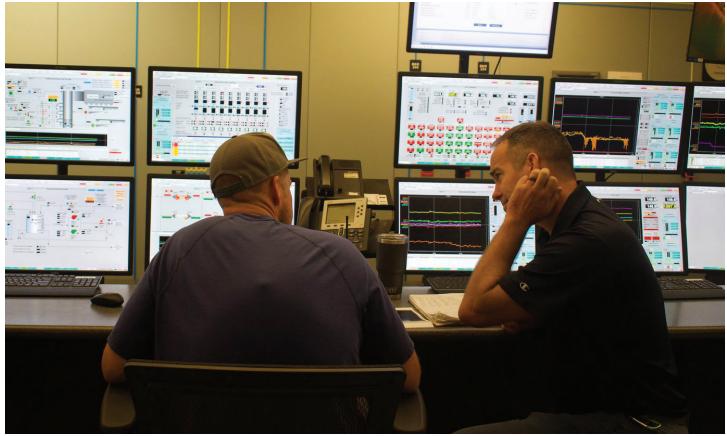
		2023
Major Maintenance Group	\$	5,210,501
South Energy Center	*	3,376,461
Deerhaven Operations		3,296,300
Deerhaven Renewables Operations		2,642,808
Kelly Plant Operations		1,187,482
Energy Supply Water Systems		832,200
Energy Supply Administration		558,191
Innovation Energy Center		307,290
Energy Supply Systems Control		213,880
District Energy		35,828
Fuels		16,450
Total Operations and Maintenance Non-Labor	\$	17,744,741

	2022	
Major Maintenance Group	\$	5,804,236
South Energy Center		3,278,350
Deerhaven Operations		3,189,248
Deerhaven Renewables Operations		3,038,799
Kelly Plant Operations		1,190,605
Energy Supply Water Systems		840,600
Energy Supply Administration		530,794
Innovation Energy Center		298,340
Energy Supply Systems Control		209,230
Production Assurance Support		67,350
District Energy		36,598
Fuels		17,850
Total Operations and Maintenance Non-Labor	\$	18,502,000

### **Energy Supply Budget Highlights**

Energy Supply is responsible for all power generation, power engineering, fuels management, and design, construction, operations, and maintenance of power systems. The power generation portfolio includes Deerhaven Renewable Generation Station (DHR), Deerhaven (DH), and John R. Kelly (JRK) Generating Station. District Energy, also managed by Energy Supply, includes the South Energy Center (SEC) and the Innovation Energy Center (IEC). During fiscal year 2018, DHR, which burns local clean wood waste. was purchased by GRU and integrated into its power portfolio as its newest plant. DHR has performed extremely well and is an integral part of GRU's renewable portfolio. Projected renewable energy production for fiscal year 2023 is estimated at 28% of our total forecasted load. GRU reached a peak of 41% for renewable energy in fiscal year 2019. Energy Supply's fiscal year 2023 non-labor budget reflects a 4.1% decrease from fiscal year 2022 budget. This decrease is driven by the cyclical nature of planned expenditures.





### Operations and Maintenance Non-Labor Energy Delivery

	2023
	Φ 0.000.040
Electric Transmission and Distribution	\$ 3,926,310
Energy Delivery Systems Control	1,488,357
Energy Delivery/Administration	969,837
Substation/Relay/Relay Engineering	766,292
Energy Delivery Electric Engineering	145,550
Electric Meter Measurement	138,127
Total Operations and Maintenance Non-Labor	\$ 7,434,473

	2022
Electric Transmission and Distribution	\$ 3,852,423
Energy Delivery Systems Control	1,591,548
Energy Delivery/Administration	1,149,255
Substation/Relay/Relay Engineering	807,705
Energy Delivery Electric Engineering	59,661
Electric Meter Measurement	137,945
Total Operations and Maintenance Non-Labor	\$ 7.598.537

### **Energy Delivery Budget Highlights**

Energy Delivery is responsible for the construction, operation and maintenance of the electric transmission and distribution systems. This includes Engineering, Systems Control, Substations and Relay, Electric T&D, Field Services, and Electric Measurements & Regulation.

The transmission and distribution systems are fully focused on reliability and are modeled in a geographical information system (GIS). The GIS is integrated with the outage management system to enable the linkage of customer calls to specific devices. This integration promotes enhanced and expedited service restoration. Integrated software systems are also used extensively to assign loads to specific circuits, planning distribution and substation system improvements, and supporting restoration

efforts resulting from extreme weather. In



addition, more than 62% of the distribution system's circuit miles are underground, which is among the highest percentages in Florida. Energy Delivery is also primarily responsible for hurricane response, which includes not only providing timely and safe response to events in the Gainesville area, but also mutual aid for other utilities. Energy Delivery's fiscal year 2023 non-labor budget is 2.2% less than fiscal year 2022. This decrease is being driven by a reduction of maintenance required with the capital improvements being completed.



## Operations and Maintenance Non-Labor Water

	2023
Murphree Water Treatment Plant	\$ 7,062,000
Distribution	565,075
Water / Wastewater Engineering	232,450
Water / Wastewater Planning	136,952
Water / Wastewater Administration	75,300
Engineering	600
Total Operations and Maintenance Non-Labor	\$ 8,072,377

	2022
Murphree Water Treatment Plant Distribution	\$ 6,386,100 592,525
Water / Wastewater Engineering	187,150
Water / Wastewater Planning	17,013
Water / Wastewater Administration	73,850
Engineering	92,600
Total Operations and Maintenance Non-Labor	\$ 7,349,238

#### **Water Department**

Water is responsible for the operation and maintenance of the water system to deliver a safe and reliable water supply that is provided by the Murphree Water Treatment Plant. Groundwater, from a well field tapping into the Floridian aguifer, is treated at Murphree Water Treatment Plant prior to distribution and eventual use. Water treatment and supply facilities are planned based on the need to provide reserve capacity under extreme conditions of extended drought, with attendant maximum demands for water and lowered aguifer water levels. Water treatment at Murphree consists of softening to protect the distribution system and improve customer satisfaction, fluoridation for improved cavity protection in young children, filtration, and chlorination for protection from microbial

contamination. Specific treatment processes include sulfide oxidation, lime softening, pH stabilization, filtration, fluoridation, and chlorination. GRU is constantly striving to mitigate expense increases to our Water System.

•Nearly 70% of non-labor expenses in operating and maintaining the water system are related to electricity, chemicals, and materials. Many of these expenses are mandated by regulatory and other external requirements, including

safe drinking water standards and certified personnel.





Water's fiscal year 2023 non-labor budget has increased 9.8% from fiscal year 2022. The proposed increases are primarily driven by increased costs of electricity and chemicals related to the operation of the water treatment plant.

## Operations and Maintenance Non-Labor Wastewater

	2023	
Kananaha Water Baalamatian Facility	¢	4 570 000
Kanapaha Water Reclamation Facility	\$	4,570,000
Mainstreet Water Reclamation Facility		2,021,000
Wastewater Lift Stations		1,704,000
Wastewater Collection		481,976
Wastewater Kanapaha Lab		206,000
Wastewater Engineering		11,200
Reclaimed Water Distribution		5,000
Total Operations and Maintenance Non-Labor	\$	8,999,176

	2022	
Kanapaha Water Reclamation Facility	\$	3,955,000
Mainstreet Water Reclamation Facility		1,588,655
Wastewater Lift Stations		1,521,500
Wastewater Collection		472,525
Wastewater Kanapaha Lab		192,800
Wastewater Engineering		47,500
Reclaimed Water Distribution		5,000
Total Operations and Maintenance Non-Labor	\$	7,782,980

### Wastewater Department Budget Highlights

Wastewater is responsible for the operation and maintenance of the wastewater system to deliver safe and reliable wastewater treatment and water reclamation from two facilities: Main Street Water Reclamation Facility (MSWRF) and Kanapaha Water Reclamation Facility (KWRF). The two Water Reclamation Facilities have advanced activated sludge treatment process units, influent screening and grit removal, clarification, filtration and disinfection. Biosolids from MSWRF are treated via aerobic digestion and are transferred to the KWRF facility where it is combined with KWRF biosolids for beneficial reuse and/or disposal. In addition, both Water Reclamation Facilities include a reclaimed water pumping station and distribution system. The reclaimed water distribution system currently includes a pipeline that provides reclaimed water for irrigation, recharge wetlands, and cooling uses. GRU is constantly striving to mitigate expense increases to our System.

•The majority of non-labor expenses in the Wastewater System are associated with operating and maintaining the water reclamation facilities, lift stations, and wastewater collection system. Many of these expenses are mandated by regulatory and other external

requirements in order to meet federal and state collection, treatment, effluent and disposal standards, using certain chemicals, processes and certified operational personnel.

•The Wastewater System has a 15.6% increase in non-labor operations and maintenance from the fiscal year 2022 budget. The proposed increases are primarily driven by increased costs of electricity, chemicals, and laboratory analyses related to the operation of the water reclamation facilities and lift stations.





## Operations and Maintenance Non-Labor Gas

	2023	
Marketing	\$	279,689
Meter Measurement Operations		165,127
Transmission and Distribution Operations		76,482
Transmission and Distribution Construction		60,633
Transmission and Distribution Administration		55,597
Transmission and Distribution Engineering		4,225
Total Operations and Maintenance Non-Labor	\$	641,753

2022
_
\$ 279,687
144,933
71,933
60,050
52,633
4,092
\$ 613,328
\$

### Gas Budget Highlights

The Gas System is responsible for the construction, operation, and maintenance of the natural gas transmission and distribution systems. The majority of the non-labor expenses in the system are costs associated with materials and supplies. The Gas System proposes a 4.6% increase in non-labor operations and maintenance from the fiscal year 2022 budget. GRU has aggressively been replacing pipelines made of dated materials with modern polyethylene and all cast iron pipe has been replaced. This will ultimately result in lower maintenance costs associated with leaks and improve the safety of the system. There are other increased costs related to inflation.





#### Operations and Maintenance Non-Labor

### Telecommunications

	2023
	_
Trunked Radio System	\$ 1,648,795
Network Operations	1,173,920
Business Administration	342,062
Chief Officer	204,610
Voice Operations	182,500
Central Office Operations	180,434
Network Operations Center	100,000
Towers 1 - 12	99,779
Engineering	89,000
Construction	73,450
Technical Services	64,750
GatorNet	51,617
Electronics	14,500
Internet Operations	2,500
Technology and Services Administration	750
Engineering and Construction Administration	-
Total Operations and Maintenance Non-Labor	\$ 4,982,092

	2022
Trunked Radio System	\$ 1,634,148
Network Operations	713,880
Business Administration	441,251
Chief Officer	224,113
Voice Operations	322,818
Central Office Operations	174,142
Network Operations Center	93,850
Towers 1 - 12	74,810
Engineering	-
Construction	-
Technical Services	-
GatorNet	44,871
Electronics	-
Internet Operations	213,771
Technology and Services Administration	74,028
Engineering and Construction Administration	110,000
Total Operations and Maintenance Non-Labor	\$ 4,807,665

#### Telecommunications Budget Highlights

Telecommunications provides services which include Internet and data transport to local businesses, government agencies, multiple dwelling units housing communities, various Internet service providers, and other telecommunications carriers. Additional services include tower space leases for wireless personal communications (cellular telephone) providers, public safety radio services for all the major government and public safety agencies operating in the county, and colocation services in the system's central office. As demand for bandwidth continues to grow, there are associated increases in equipment

and support fees related to upgrading the core network. Additional support contract expenses for the newly upgraded Public Safety Radio System (offset by increased revenue from the system) resulted in an overall 3.6% increase from 2022 approved budget. GRUCom is constantly striving to mitigate increases through regular contract negotiations with vendors.





## Operations and Maintenance Non-Labor Administration

	2023	
General Manager	\$	816,016
Community Relations	Ψ	555,735
Communications		442,900
Safety and Training		251,300
Electric Environment		166,830
Electric Reliability		55,622
Chief Operating Officer		11,500
Training		-
Total Operations and Maintenance Non-Labor	\$	2,299,903

	2022	
Conoral Manager	¢	762 740
General Manager	\$	763,749
Community Relations		535,035
Communications		459,400
Safety		251,550
Electric Environment		155,130
Electric Reliability		55,622
Chief Operating Officer		11,500
Training		5,000
Total Operations and Maintenance Non-Labor	\$	2,236,986

#### Administration Budget Highlights

Administration includes the General Manager's office, communications, safety, training, Chief People Officer, Chief Sustainability Officer and others. The daily operations and overall responsibility of GRU is led by the General Manager. Responsibilities include policy development and the implementation of policies adopted by the City Commission, planning, administration, organizational development, construction and operations. The Office of Government Affairs and Community Relations is



shared between the General Manager and City Manager and is responsible for the utility's overall community relations by planning and executing several programs and events that benefit our community, including the Brighter Tomorrow Scholarship Banquet, Camp EmPower and the Williams Elementary Benefit Golf Tournament. Communications is responsible for the overall marketing and communications of the utility. This area's budget has increased slightly from fiscal year 2022 to fiscal year 2023 by 2.8%.



#### Operations and Maintenance Non-Labor

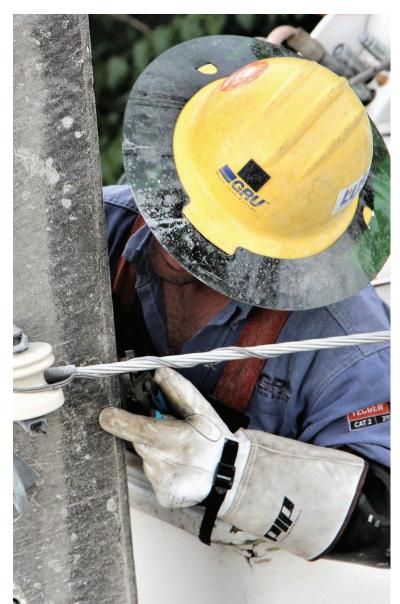
## Budget, Finance, and Accounting

	2023
Object Figure sign Officers	Ф 460 000
Chief Financial Officer	\$ 463,000
Treasury	267,600
Rates and Forecasting	212,114
Procurement	112,397
Project Management	47,600
Financial Accounting	35,500
Managerial Accounting	20,150
Accounts Payable	3,300
Budget	1,200
Total Operations and Maintenance Non-Labor	\$ 1,162,861

	2022
Chief Financial Officer	\$ 573,000
Treasury	36,600
Rates and Forecasting	8,977
Procurement	-
Project Management	47,600
Financial Accounting	37,000
Managerial Accounting	26,050
Accounts Payable	2,600
Budget	1,700
Total Operations and Maintenance Non-Labor	\$ 733,527

### **Budget, Finance, and Accounting Budget Highlights**

Budget, Finance and Accounting (BFA) provides leadership to ensure the long-term financial health of GRU. BFA is responsible for all financial and accounting activity for the utility. This includes the overall budget preparation and execution, long-term financial planning and forecasting, cash management and forecasting, debt issuance and compliance, credit metrics and ratings, treasury, rate formulation, financial reporting, benchmarking, regulatory and tax reporting, and various other responsibilities. In addition, BFA manages the utility-wide corporate expenses. Since the re-implementation of SAP, BFA has developed financial and managerial reports to meet the utility-wide needs of management, the Utility Advisory Board and the City Commission. BFA's budget has increased \$305,738 from fiscal year 2022's budget due to a planned banking RFP and external cost of service study.





#### Operations and Maintenance Non-Labor

## Customer Support Services

	2023
Facilities Maintenance	\$ 3,190,973
Customer Services	727,100
Billing and Customer Solutions	687,625
Energy and Business Services	625,068
Administrative Services	485,290
Mail Services	310,750
Revenue Assurance	180,070
Customer Operations	96,950
New Services	86,082
Land Rights / Real Estate	30,000
Chief Customer Officer	23,045
Utilities Stores	22,781
Project Management Office	12,700
Procurement	-
Total Operations and Maintenance Non-Labor	\$ 6,478,434

	 2022
	_
Facilities Maintenance	\$ 3,036,977
Customer Services	597,600
Billing and Customer Solutions	666,074
Energy and Business Services	625,068
Administrative Services	496,839
Mail Services	302,000
Revenue Assurance	180,070
Customer Operations	94,950
New Services	86,082
Land Rights / Real Estate	29,500
Chief Customer Officer	23,045
Utilities Stores	23,891
Project Management Office	10,600
Procurement	10,277
Total Operations and Maintenance Non-Labor	\$ 6,182,973

### **Customer Support Services Budget Highlights**

Customer Support Services includes the Chief Customer Office, Customer Operations, **Customer Operations Project Management** Office, Customer Service, Billing & Customer Solutions, Revenue Assurance, New Services, Administrative Services, Land Rights/Real Estate, Utility Stores, Mail Services, Facilities Maintenance, Procurement, and Energy & Business Services. Facilities Maintenance manages utility services and continually strives to lower costs though energy efficiency and usage optimization. This area also manages chiller units at the Administration Building and the Eastside Operations Center (EOC) in addition to hundreds of smaller HVAC systems and lighting systems throughout the 60+ facilities they maintain. Energy & Business Services is charged with customer education regarding utility usage and



conservation. This area also manages the Low Income Energy Efficiency Program plus (LEEPplus) which provides energy efficiency upgrades, averaging \$4,250 per home, to low income homeowners. Customer Operations is responsible for the overall customer experience. This includes Billing & Customer Solutions which manages the budget for bill presentment, printing, mailing, and postage associated with the creation and distribution of over 100,000 customer bills per month. Customer Support Services reflects a 2.8% increase in non-labor operations and maintenance expenses from the fiscal year 2022 budget. This increase is due mainly to higher costs in general along with an increase in training dollars needed to enhance the skills of our employees.



## Operations and Maintenance Non-Labor Information Technology

	2023
Administration	\$ 6,673,696
AMI Project	1,760,776
Technical Management	590,090
Application Management	299,000
Total Operations and Maintenance Non-Labor	\$ 9,323,562

	2022
Administration	\$ 5,450,187
AMI Project	2,287,190
Technical Management	295,800
Application Management	791,750
Total Operations and Maintenance Non-Labor	\$ 8,824,927

### Information Technology Budget Highlights

Information Technology (IT) provides services to both GRU and General Government and is responsible for the maintenance of mission critical systems, implementing infrastructure and software upgrades, and network security improvements as well as various other IT-related functions. IT partners with operational and administrative areas to more effectively and efficiently support the applications and network infrastructure of GRU.

Expenses are budgeted to support the continued effort to replace aging software, equipment and infrastructure for the utility and general government's



technology environment and are cyclical. IT's budget also includes expenses for ongoing application and infrastructure support and training for IT staff. Training is vital to the support and management of City wide Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) systems, revenue collection systems and other critical IT infrastructure. Continuous evaluations of software applications and support agreements allows IT to maintain compliance as well as keeping the computing environment secure. One of the goals of these evaluations is to uncover cost savings for the organization by consolidating software and retiring products that are more expensive to maintain. For fiscal year 2023 an increase of \$498,635 is being driven by overall expected cost increases.



#### Operations and Maintenance Non-Labor

## Corporate Expenses

	2023
Debt Service Fees	\$ 3,354,527
Joint Services - General Government	2,776,317
Vehicle and Transportation	2,757,590
Property Insurance - Plant	2,421,420
Risk Management	2,169,862
Uncollectible Accounts	1,291,337
Electric Service (Streetlights)	800,000
Audit Fees	485,980
Insurance Premiums	469,865
Worker's Compensation	349,953
Legal Services	255,313
Insurance - Transportation Eq Liability	229,304
General Liability Claims Paid	154,858
Software Maintenance	82,500
Bank Fees	76,385
Fleet Expenses to Capital	(1,095,059)
Total Operations and Maintenance Non-Labor	\$ 16,580,152

	2022
Debt Service Fees	\$ 2,985,226
Joint Services - General Government	2,808,081
Vehicle and Transportation	2,913,240
Property Insurance - Plant	1,800,969
Risk Management	2,111,500
Uncollectible Accounts	1,291,337
Electric Service (Streetlights)	-
Audit Fees	491,480
Insurance Premiums	662,533
Worker's Compensation	316,883
Legal Services	250,000
Insurance - Transportation Eq Liability	828,207
General Liability Claims Paid	-
Software Maintenance	75,000
Bank Fees	74,160
Fleet Expenses to Capital	(984,416)
Total Operations and Maintenance Non-Labor	\$ 15,624,200



# Fiscal Year 2023 Budget Fuels

### Fiscal Year 2023 Budget

## **Fuels**

	2023
Natural Gas	\$ 81,377,317
Biomass	19,818,024
Local Distribution Customer Sales	15,765,595
Purchased Power	4,060,217
SolarFit	4,687,721
Marion County Landfill Gas	1,639,176
Coal	181,218
Renewable Energy Credits	40,000
Total Fuels	\$ 127,569,268

	2022
	_
Natural Gas	\$ 47,762,081
Biomass	17,758,492
Local Distribution Customer Sales	7,925,032
Purchased Power	6,084,446
SolarFit	4,991,337
Marion County Landfill Gas	3,198,291
Coal	103,434
Renewable Energy Credits	40,000
Total Fuels	\$ 87,863,113



# Fiscal Year 2023 Budget Uses of Net Revenues

#### Fiscal Year 2023 Uses of Net Revenues

## Combined Systems

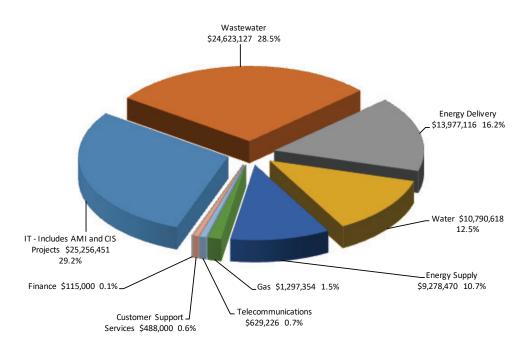
	2023
Debt Service	\$ 99,750,434
Utility Plant Improvement Fund	46,206,211
General Fund Transfer	34,283,000
Transfer from City of Gainesville General Fund for County Streetlights	(800,000)
Debt Defeasance	4,673,287
Total Uses of Net Revenues	\$ 184,112,932

	2022
Debt Service	\$ 98,567,831
Utility Plant Improvement Fund	45,762,559
General Fund Transfer	36,283,000
Transfer from City of Gainesville General Fund for County Streetlights	-
Debt Defeasance	4,671,196
Total Uses of Net Revenues	\$ 185,284,586



# Fiscal Year 2023 Budget Capital Non-Labor

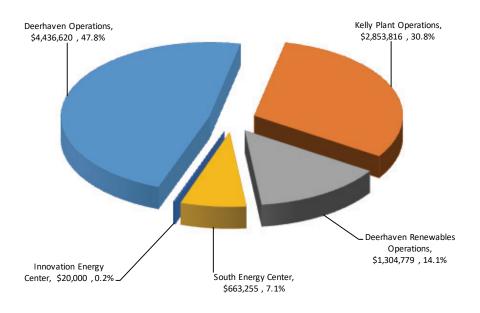
## Lines of Business



	2023
IT - Includes AMI and CIS Projects	\$ 25,256,451
Wastewater	24,623,127
Energy Delivery	13,977,116
Water	10,790,618
Energy Supply	9,278,470
Gas	1,297,354
Telecommunications	629,226
Customer Support Services	488,000
Finance	115,000
Total Capital Non-Labor	\$ 86,455,362

	2022
IT	\$ 26,826,571
Wastewater	23,974,906
Energy Delivery	12,702,545
Water	10,168,817
Energy Supply	12,592,415
Gas	2,096,448
Telecommunications	1,630,882
Customer Support Services	623,500
Finance	115,000
Total Capital Non-Labor	\$ 90,731,084

## **Energy Supply**



		2023
Deerhaven Operations	\$	4,436,620
Kelly Plant Operations		2,853,816
Deerhaven Renewables Operations		1,304,779
South Energy Center		663,255
Innovation Energy Center		20,000
Total Capital Non-Labor	\$	9,278,470
		2022
Deerhaven Operations	\$	5,895,797
Kelly Plant Operations	Ψ	3,371,581
Deerhaven Renewables Operations		2,718,700
South Energy Center		546,337
Innovation Energy Center		60,000
Total Capital Non-Labor	\$	12,592,415

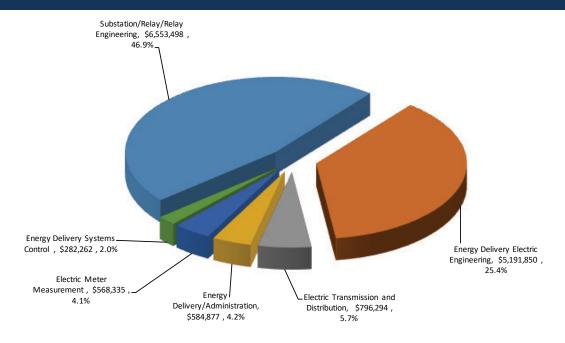
### **Energy Supply**

#### **Energy Supply Budget Highlights**

Energy Supply is responsible for all power generation, power engineering, fuels management, and design, construction, operations, and maintenance of power generation systems. The power generation portfolio in Energy Supply includes Deerhaven Renewable Generation Station (DHR), Deerhaven (DH), and John R. Kelly (JRK) Generating Station. District Energy, also managed by Energy Supply, includes the South Energy Center (SEC) and the Innovation Energy Center (IEC). Capital non-labor work for fiscal year 2023 is \$3.3 million less than planned capital non-labor work for fiscal year 2022. This decrease is being driven by the final completion of several large multi-year capital projects at DHR, DH, and JRK Generating Station. District Energy, also managed by Energy Supply, includes the South Energy Center (SEC) and the Innovation Energy Center (IEC). John R. Kelly (JRK) Generating Station and Deerhaven (DH) in 2022. Large projects for 2023 include:

- 1. Procurement of first of 3 increment of required gas turbine capital spares that will be required in support of the next major maintenance for Kelly Station Combustion Turbine (CT4) in FY 2026. These capital spares will be procured over time due to cost and lead times.
- 2. Completion of a Life Time Assessment (LTA) of Deerhaven Unit #1(DH1) that was currently scheduled to retire in December of 2002. This LTA is designed to determine scope of work needed to extend the useful life of DH1, with objective up to 5 additional years through 2027. Electrical relay upgrades at South Energy Center (SEC) due to long standing reliability issues in current model of relays.

## Energy Delivery



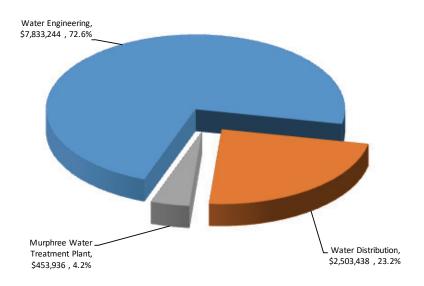
		2023
Substation/Relay/Relay Engineering	\$	6,553,498
Energy Delivery Electric Engineering		5,191,850
Electric Transmission and Distribution		796,294
Energy Delivery/Administration		584,877
Electric Meter Measurement		568,335
Energy Delivery Systems Control		282,262
Total Capital Non-Labor	\$	13,977,116
		2022
Substation/Relay/Relay Engineering	\$	4,379,757
Energy Delivery Electric Engineering	•	5,178,692
Electric Transmission and Distribution		1,931,731
Energy Delivery/Administration		407,189
Electric Meter Measurement		695,176
Energy Delivery Systems Control		110,000
Total Capital Non-Labor	\$	12,702,545

### **Energy Delivery**

#### **Energy Delivery Budget Highlights**

Energy Delivery is responsible for the construction, operation, and maintenance of the electric transmission and distribution systems. This includes Engineering, Systems Control, Substations and Relay, Electric T&D, Field Services, and Electric Measurements & Regulation. Energy Delivery continues to improve the reliability and resilience of our electric transmission and distribution systems by prudently spending capital dollars to achieve those goals where our efforts will be most effective. Energy Delivery's fiscal year 2023 capital non-labor budget is 10.0% more than fiscal year 2022. The increase is being driven by substation transformer replacements and improvements for increased reliability, as well as contract and professional services allowing us to utilize subject matter experts. Supply chain shortages have pushed cost increases in materials and supplies, offset with the postponement of fleet purchases.

## Water



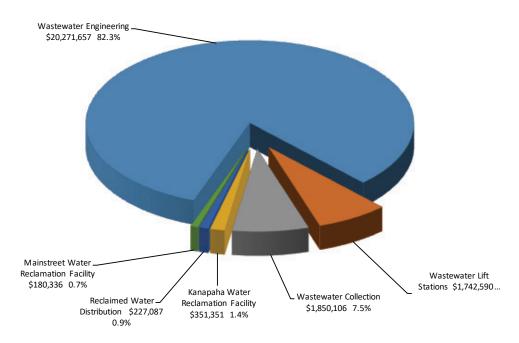
		2023
Water Engineering	\$	7,833,244
Water Distribution		2,503,438
Murphree Water Treatment Plant		453,936
Total Capital Non-Labor	\$	10,790,618
		2022
Water Engineering	\$	7,929,231
Water Distribution	Ψ	1,822,407
Murphree Water Treatment Plant		417,179
Total Capital Non-Labor		10,168,817

#### Water

#### **Water Department Budget Highlights**

Water is responsible for the design, construction, and rehabilitation of the water system to deliver a safe and reliable water supply that is provided by the Murphree Water Treatment Plant. Groundwater, from a well field tapping into the Floridian aquifer, is treated at Murphree Water Treatment Plant prior to distribution and eventual use. Water treatment and supply facilities are planned based on the need to provide reserve capacity under extreme conditions of extended drought, with attendant maximum demands for water and lowered aquifer water levels. Water treatment at Murphree consists of softening to protect the distribution system and improve customer satisfaction, fluoridation for improved cavity protection in young children, filtration, and chlorination for protection from microbial contamination. Specific treatment processes include sulfide oxidation, lime softening, pH stabilization, filtration, fluoridation, and chlorination. The Water System capital non-labor budget for fiscal year 2023 has increased by 5.5% as compared to fiscal year 2022 and is primarily driven by replacement projects for aging infrastructure at the Water Treatment Plant and Water Distribution. GRU is constantly striving to mitigate expense increases to our Water System.

### Wastewater



	2023
Wastewater Engineering Wastewater Lift Stations	\$ 20,271,657 1,742,590
Wastewater Collection Kanapaha Water Reclamation Facility	1,850,106 351.351
Reclaimed Water Distribution	227,087
Mainstreet Water Reclamation Facility	180,336
Total Capital Non-Labor	\$ 24,623,127

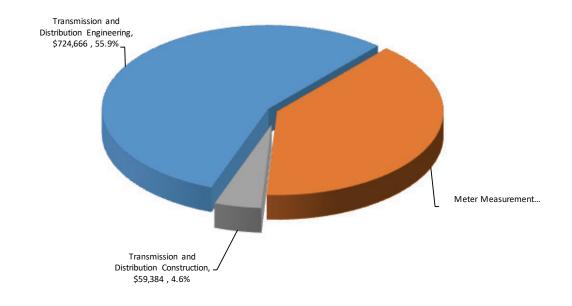
	2022
Wastewater Engineering	\$ 20,624,657
Wastewater Lift Stations	472,857
Wastewater Collection	2,240,153
Kanapaha Water Reclamation Facility	287,240
Reclaimed Water Distribution	190,992
Mainstreet Water Reclamation Facility	159,007
Total Capital Non-Labor	\$ 23,974,906

#### Wastewater

#### **Wastewater Department Budget Highlights**

Wastewater is responsible for the design, construction and rehabilitation of the wastewater system to deliver safe and reliable wastewater treatment and water reclamation from two facilities: Main Street Water Reclamation Facility (MSWRF) and Kanapaha Water Reclamation Facility (KWRF). The two Water Reclamation Facilities have advanced activated sludge treatment process units, influent screening and grit removal, clarification, filtration and disinfection. Biosolids from MSWRF are treated via aerobic digestion and are transferred to the KWRF facility where it is combined with KWRF biosolids for beneficial reuse and/or disposal. In addition, both Water Reclamation Facilities include a reclaimed water pumping station and distribution system. The reclaimed water distribution system currently includes a pipeline that provides reclaimed water for irrigation, recharge wetlands, and cooling uses. The Wastewater System capital non-labor budget for fiscal year 2023 is 2.7% more than the fiscal year 2022 budget. Increase is being driven by replacement projects for aging infrastructure at the Wastewater Reclamation Facilities and Wastewater Collection. GRU is constantly striving to mitigate expense increases to our Wastewater System.

## Gas



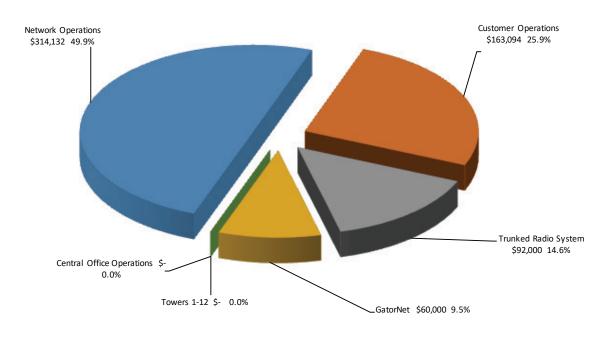
		2023
Transmission and Distribution Engineering	\$	724,666
Meter Measurement Operations		513,304
Transmission and Distribution Construction		59,384
Total Capital Non-Labor	\$	1,297,354
		2022
Transmission and Distribution Engineering	\$	901,791
Meter Measurement Operations	·	1,131,868
Transmission and Distribution Construction		62,789
Total Capital Non-Labor	\$	2,096,448

#### Gas

#### **Gas Budget Highlights**

The Gas System is responsible for the construction, operation, and maintenance of the natural gas transmission and distribution systems. GRU maintains 811 miles of natural gas distribution pipes and 7 miles of LP pipes. The natural gas system consists primarily of underground gas distribution and service lines, six points of delivery or interconnections with Florida Gas Transmission, and gas pressure regulating stations, metering and measuring equipment. The system proposes a 40.3% decrease in their fiscal year 2023 capital non-labor budget when compared to the fiscal year 2022 budget. This decrease was driven by the reduction of large projects, including Butler Town Center and Celebration Pointe. In addition, there has been a slowdown in new construction due to supply chain shortages and an increase in the cost of materials and supplies.

## Capital Non-Labor Telecommunications



	 2023
Network Operations	\$ 314,132
Customer Operations	163,094
Trunked Radio System	92,000
GatorNet	60,000
Towers 1-12	-
Central Office Operations	-
Total Capital Non-Labor	\$ 629,226
	2022
Network Operations	\$ 725,118

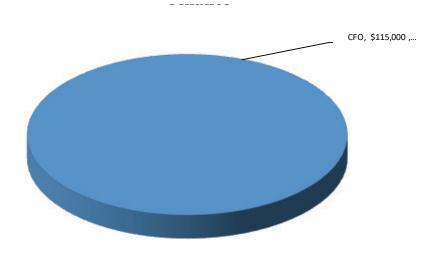
Network Operations Customer Operations	\$ 725,118 88,089
Trunked Radio System	´-
GatorNet	47,675
Towers 1-12	20,000
Central Office Operations	750,000
Total Capital Non-Labor	\$ 1,630,882

#### **Telecommunications**

#### **Telecommunications Budget Highlights**

Telecommunications provides services that include Internet and data transport to local businesses, government agencies, multiple dwelling units housing communities, various Internet service providers, and other telecommunications carriers. Additional services include tower space leases for wireless personal communications (cellular telephone) providers, public safety radio services for all the major government and public safety agencies operating in the county, and colocation services in the system's central office. The fiscal year 2023 budget proposes a \$1M decrease over the 2022 approved budget. This decrease is being driven by a reduction in capital earmarked for network expansion and upgrades to infrastructure.

## Capital Non-Labor Budget, Finance, and Accounting



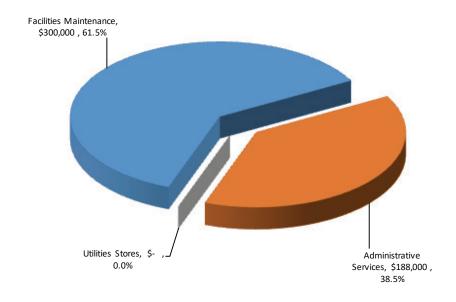
		2023
CFO	\$	115,000
Total Capital Non-Labor	\$	115,000
		2022
CFO	\$	115,000
Total Capital Non-Labor	<u> </u>	115,000

## Capital Non-Labor Budget, Finance, and Accounting

#### **Budget, Finance, and Accounting Budget Highlights**

Budget, Finance and Accounting (BFA) provides leadership to ensure the long-term financial health of GRU. BFA is responsible for all financial and accounting activity for the utility. This includes the overall budget preparation and execution, long-term financial planning and forecasting, cash management and forecasting, debt issuance and compliance, credit metrics and ratings, treasury, rate formulation, financial reporting, benchmarking, regulatory and tax reporting, and various other responsibilities. Since the re-implementation of SAP, BFA has developed financial and managerial reports to meet the utility-wide needs of management, the Utility Advisory Board and the City Commission. BFA's capital non-labor budget represents equipment purchases for the City of Gainesville's fleet garage.

## Customer Support Services



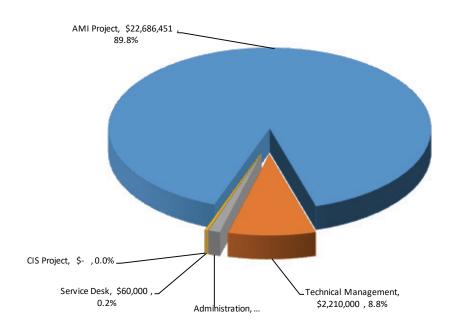
	2023
Facilities Maintenance Administrative Services Utilities Stores	\$ 300,000 188,000 -
Total Capital Non-Labor	\$ 488,000
	2022
Facilities Maintenance Administrative Services Utilities Stores	\$ 265,000 333,500 25,000
Total Capital Non-Labor	\$ 623,500

### Customer Support Services

#### **Customer Support Services Budget Highlights**

Customer Support Services includes the Chief Customer Office, Customer Operations, Customer Operations Project Management Office, Customer Service, Billing & Customer Solutions, Revenue Assurance, New Services, Administrative Services, Land Rights/Real Estate, Utility Stores, Mail Services, Facilities Maintenance, Procurement, and Energy & Business Services. All of Customer Support Services' capital budget resides in the Administrative Services, Utility Stores, and Facilities Maintenance areas. Customer Support Services reflects a \$135,500 decrease in non-labor capital expenses from the fiscal year 2022 budget. The decrease was driven by the off maintenance year but will increase in 2023.

## Capital Non-Labor Information Technology



	2023
AMI Project Technical Management Administration Service Desk CIS Project	\$ 22,686,451 2,210,000 300,000 60,000
Total Capital Non-Labor	\$ 25,256,451
	2022
AMI Project Technical Management Administration Service Desk	\$ 20,713,210 1,512,750 100,000
CIS Project	4,500,611
Total Capital Non-Labor	\$ 26,826,571

## Capital Non-Labor Information Technology

#### **Information Technology**

Information Technology (IT) provides services to both GRU and General Government and is responsible for the maintenance of mission critical systems, implementing infrastructure and software upgrades, and network security improvements as well as various other IT-related functions. IT partners with operational and administrative areas to more effectively and efficiently support the applications and network infrastructure of GRU.

Capital expenses are budgeted to support the continued effort to replace aging software, equipment and infrastructure for the utility and general government's technology environment.

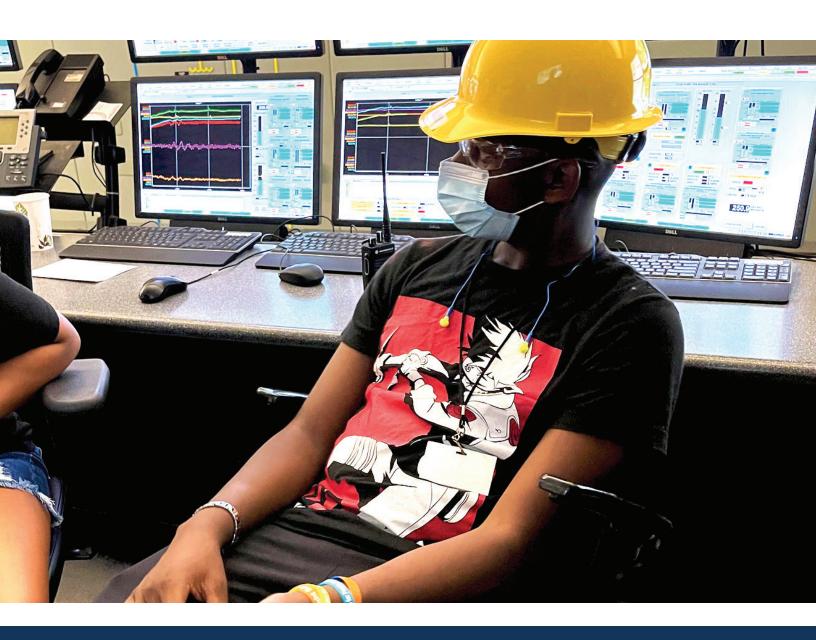
For the FY 2023 budget there are two major projects that were approved in 2021, Advanced Metering Infrastructure (AMI) and Customer Information System (CIS) projects.

The Customer Information System (CIS) project involves replacing the currently outdated system with a functionally robust customer-focused communication and management application that will be GRU's customer system of record. Beyond its role as a critical accounting sub-ledger through which utility revenues flow, the new CIS solution will provide GRU with new tools and processes that will lead to increased customer satisfaction and increased employee productivity and efficiency in supporting the customer experience. Lastly the system will be cost-effective and more economical to support long-term.

Advanced metering infrastructure (AMI) is an integrated system of smart meters, modules, communications networks, and data management systems that enables two-way communication between GRU and our customers. The system provides a number of important functions that were not previously possible or had to be performed manually, such as the ability to automatically and remotely measure energy usage, connect and disconnect service, detect tampering, identify outages, monitor voltage, and provide water leak notifications. Combined with GRU's Customer Information System (CIS), AMI enables the utility the capability to offer new time-based rate programs and incentives that encourage our customers to reduce peak demand and manage energy consumption and costs.

Over the last 10 years, advanced metering has evolved from an optional technology to one that is widely deployed across the industry. There are many reasons for this trend, but the primary motivator is enhancing customer choice and control. In addition, GRU aims to perform existing operations more reliably and efficiently and provide enhanced customer s ervices and products that are not possible without an AMI implementation.

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## Fiscal Year 2023 Budget Financial Reserves and Ratios

# Fiscal Year 2023 Financial Reserves and Ratios Reserve Requirements and Reserve Funded

	2022	2023
Reserve Requirements:		
Electric	\$ 60,864,894	\$ 62,690,841
Water	5,245,090	5,402,442
Wastewater	6,447,089	6,640,502
Gas	4,807,999	4,952,239
GRUCom	2,076,181	2,138,467
Total Reserve Requirements	79,441,253	81,824,490
Reserve Funded:		
Rate Stabilization Fund	45,260,830	71,042,328
Operating Cash (60 days)	5,749,957	4,099,318
Utility Plant Improvement Fund	49,587,740	40,088,510
Total Reserve Funded	100,598,527	115,230,156
Amount Over/(Under Funded)	\$ 21,157,274	\$ 33,405,666

#### Description

The methodology for determining reserve requirements was modified during fiscal year 2019. GRU commissioned our financial advisor to conduct a cash balance study which encompassed a review of the revenue and expense risks facing GRU and its individual systems. This risk analysis examined the economic, environmental, and to some degree climate risk facing the utility. The study developed an appropriate level of cash to reserve against each of these identified risks to determine an overall target level of cash. A cash balance policy based on the study was presented to and approved by the City Commission in April of 2019.

Accordingly, the methodology of what resources could be counted as available to meet reserve requirements was modified as well. Prior to the adoption of the cash balance policy, the following resources were deemed eligible to meet reserve requirements:

- 60 days of operating cash
- Rate Stabilization Fund cash balance
- Utility Plant Improvement Fund cash balance
- Authorized but unissued commercial paper
- Undrawn bank lines of credit

Per the provisions of the cash balance policy, the resources which will be counted as eligible to meet reserve requirements going forward are 60 days of operating cash, Rate Stabilization Fund cash balance, and available Utility Plant Improvement Fund cash balance.

As detailed above, total reserves for budget year 2023 significantly exceed the reserve level required by policy. However, looking at a system by system basis demonstrates that for our largest system (Electric) FY23 reserves barely meet target levels and in FY24 are projected to fall slightly below target.

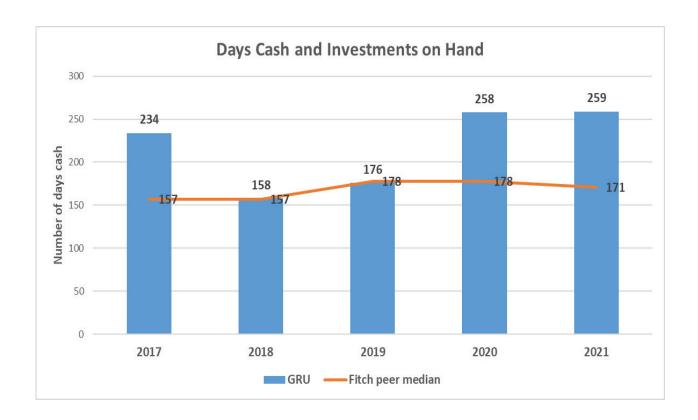
## Fiscal Year 2023 Financial Reserves and Ratios Reserve Requirements and Reserve Funded

	Reserve Requirement	Reserve Funded	Excess (Underfunded)
Electric	62,690,841	62,789,065	98,224
Water	5,402,442	26,490,122	21,087,680
Wastewater	6,640,502	19,732,351	13,091,849
Gas	4,952,239	8,670,920	3,718,681
Telecommunications	2,138,467	(2,452,302)	(4,590,769)
Total	81,824,491	115,230,156	33,405,665

Additionally, there are two large projects – Implementation of the new Customer Billing System, and Advanced Metering Infrastructure (AMI) which are in progress which we project will be funded primarily utilizing Utility Plant Improvement Funds. Utilizing UPIF monies for these projects will drive this portion of our reserves down over the upcoming years as outlined below.

PROJECTED UPIF BALANCES BY SYSTEM							
	FY23	FY24	FY25	FY26	FY27	FY28	
Electric	21,000,813	13,852,050	4,718,642	955,192	533,078	772,631	
Water	5,007,773	5,219,967	5,067,266	4,595,939	3,822,636	3,459,861	
Wastewater	2,539,054	2,492,550	2,950,344	1,995,021	1,774,223	1,255,349	
Gas	8,587,634	3,458,257	2,956,948	2,236,313	1,343,601	1,308,759	
Telecommunications	2,953,235	3,373,676	3,789,239	3,164,808	2,482,873	1,734,545	
Total	40,088,509	28,396,500	19,482,439	12,947,273	9,956,411	8,531,145	

Finally, a portion of these reserves will be used to defease debt as directed by the City Commission. The impact on reserves from these measures will be replenished by the, approved by the City Commission during the FY22 budget hearing, base rate increases through 2027 as well as the General Fund Transfer decreases. Any change in Commission direction in these two financial components will have a significant detrimental impact to the Utility's reserves.

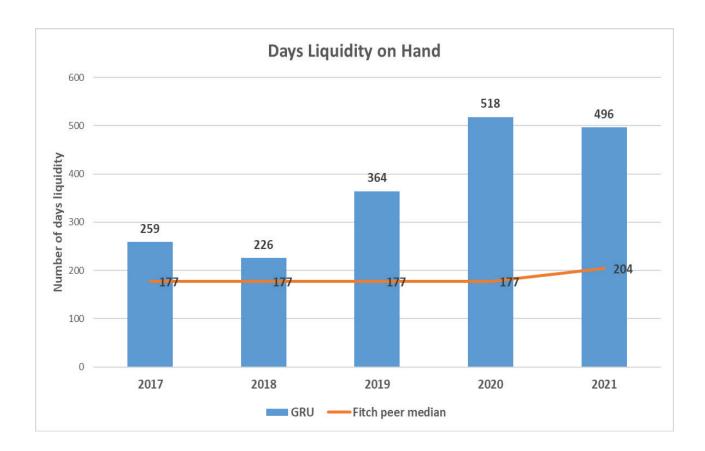


**Days Cash and Investments on Hand**: Number of days operating cash on hand. This metric indicates financial flexibility, specifically cash and short-term investments, relative to expenses.

Formula: Unrestricted cash divided by average daily operating expense.

**Note**: These values incorporate FitchRatings 2017 adjustment to the definition of Cash & Investments which included UPIF funds.

#### **Financial Reserves and Ratios**

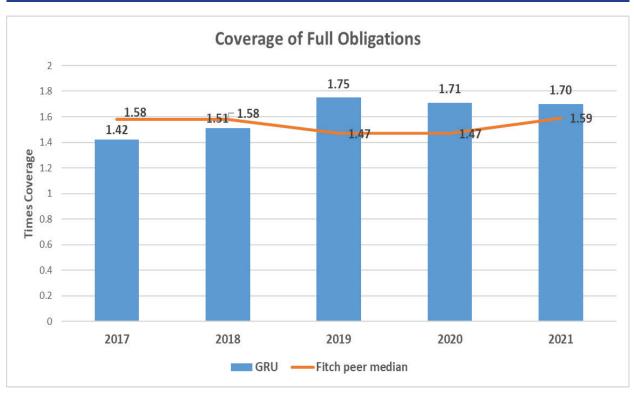


**Days Liquidity on Hand**: Number of days liquidity on hand. This metric indicates financial flexibility, including all available sources of cash, short-term investments and liquidity, relative to expenses.

Formula: Total liquid assets divided by average daily operating expense.

#### Fiscal Year 2023

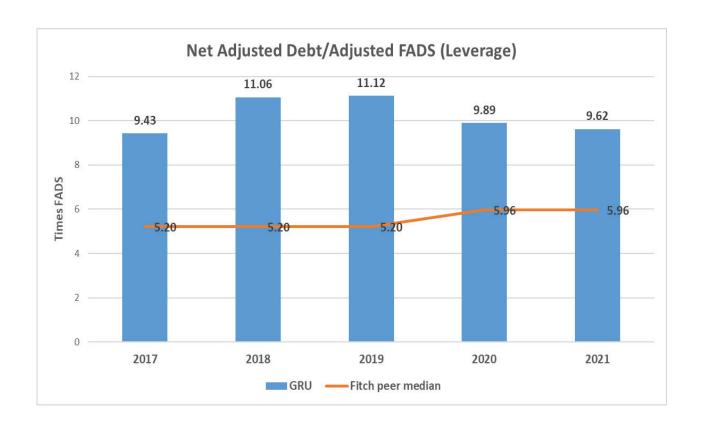
#### **Financial Reserves and Ratios**



**Coverage of Full Obligations**: Number of times total fixed obligations are covered by funds available to pay debt service. This metric provides an indicator of the margin available to meet current debt service requirements and other fixed obligations.

Formula: Adjusted funds available for debt service divided by total fixed obligations.

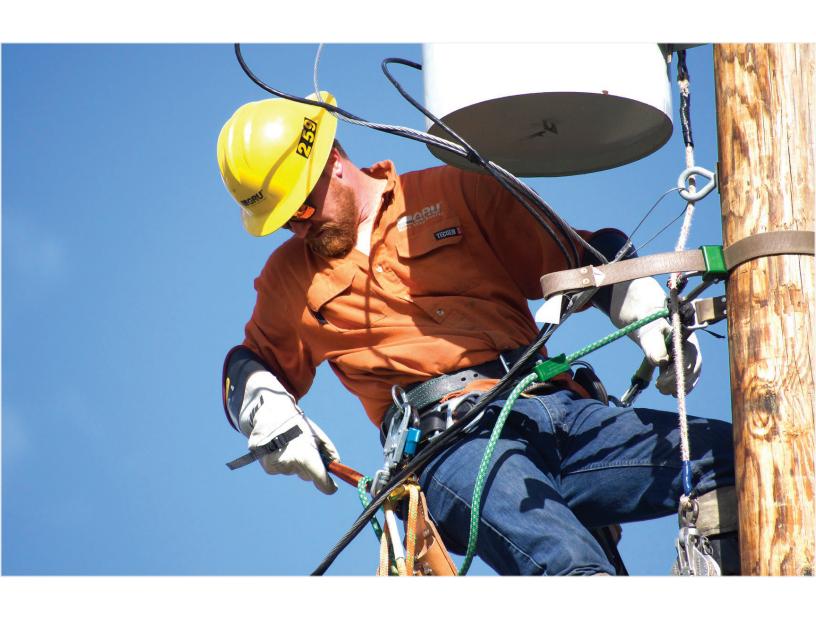
#### Financial Reserves and Ratios



**Net Adjusted Debt to Adjusted Funds Available for Debt Service (Leverage):** This metric indicates the size of net debt and off-balance sheet obligations to the margin available to meet all debt service, fixed obligations, and transfers and distributions to owners.

Formula: Net Adjusted Debt divided by Adjusted Funds Available for Debt Service.

**Note**: GRU and the City Commission are developing a multi-component strategy to reduce the Utility's leverage. Recent actions include an FY22 7% Electric base rate increase and a 5% increase in Wastewater; multi-year base rate increases of 3% in Electric and 5% in Wastewater from 2023 through 2027; and allocations of debt transaction and pension bond savings to debt defeasance.



# Fiscal Year 2023 Budget Total Costs by Line of Business

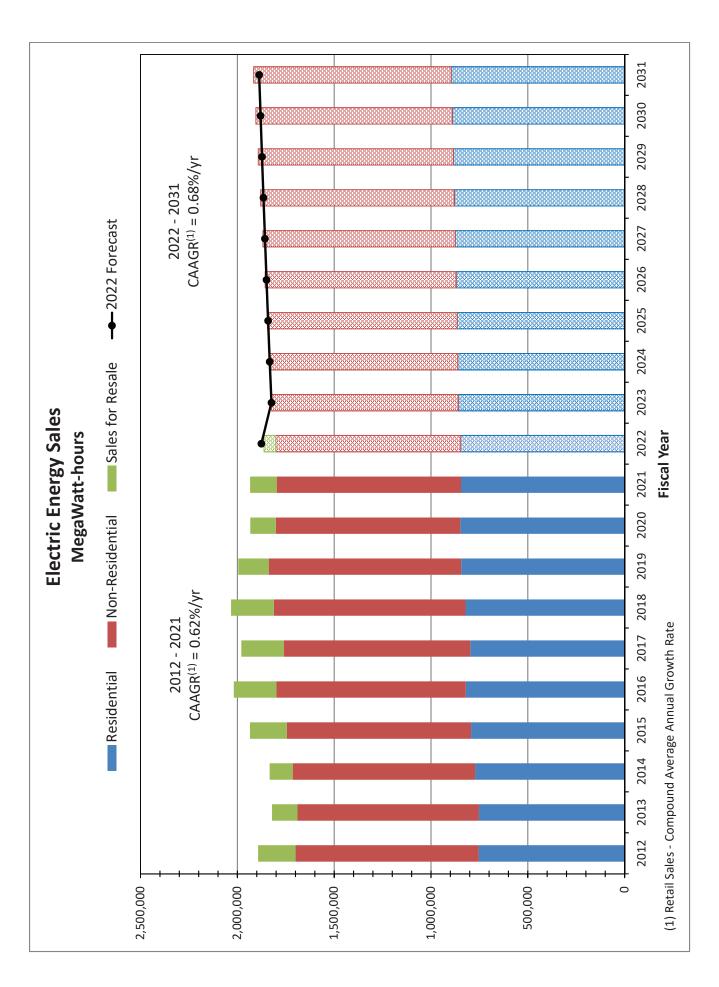
## Fiscal Year 2023 Budget Total Costs by Line of Business

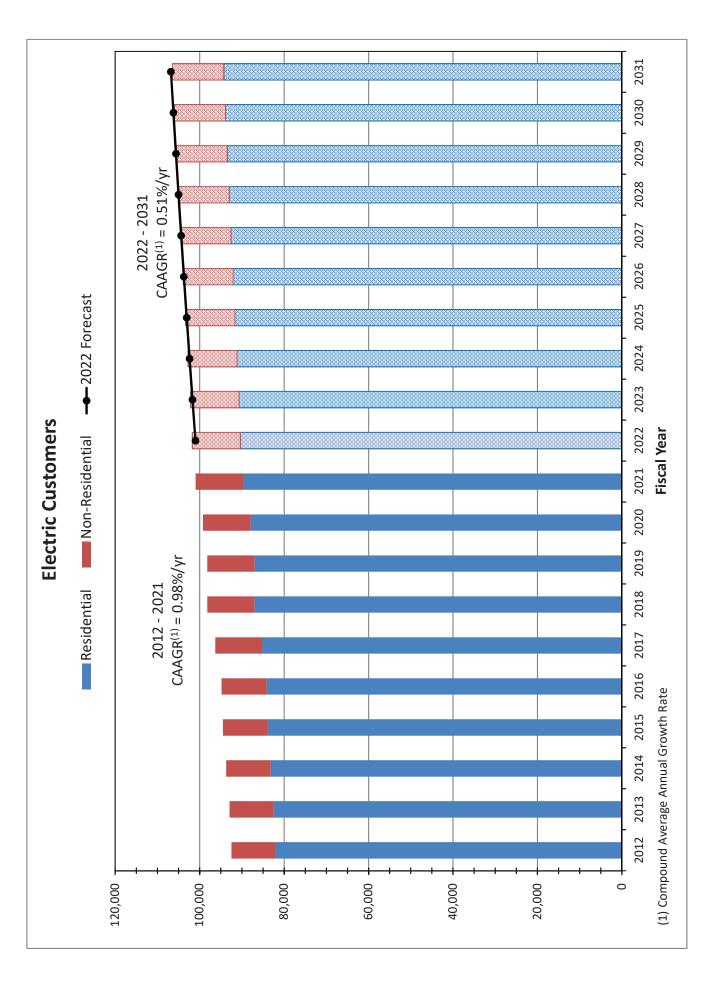
	Operations and Maintenance Non-								
	Payroll			Labor	Capital Non-Labor			2023	
Energy Supply	\$	21,697,724	\$	17,744,738	\$	9,278,471	\$	48,720,933	
Energy Delivery		24,826,649		7,434,473		13,977,116		46,238,238	
Water		7,408,409		8,072,377		10,790,618		26,271,404	
Wastewater		8,846,365		8,999,176		24,623,128		42,468,669	
Gas		3,447,347		641,753		1,297,354		5,386,454	
Telecommunications		4,011,686		4,982,092		629,226		9,623,004	
Administration		4,529,177		2,299,903		-		6,829,080	
Budget, Finance & Accounting		5,096,834		1,162,861		115,000		6,374,695	
Customer Support Services		7,877,522		6,478,434		488,000		14,843,956	
Information Technology		9,567,181		9,323,562		25,256,449		44,147,192	
Corporate Expenses		-		16,580,155		-		16,580,155	
Total Costs by Line of Business	\$	97,308,894	\$	83,719,524	\$	86,455,362	\$	267,483,780	

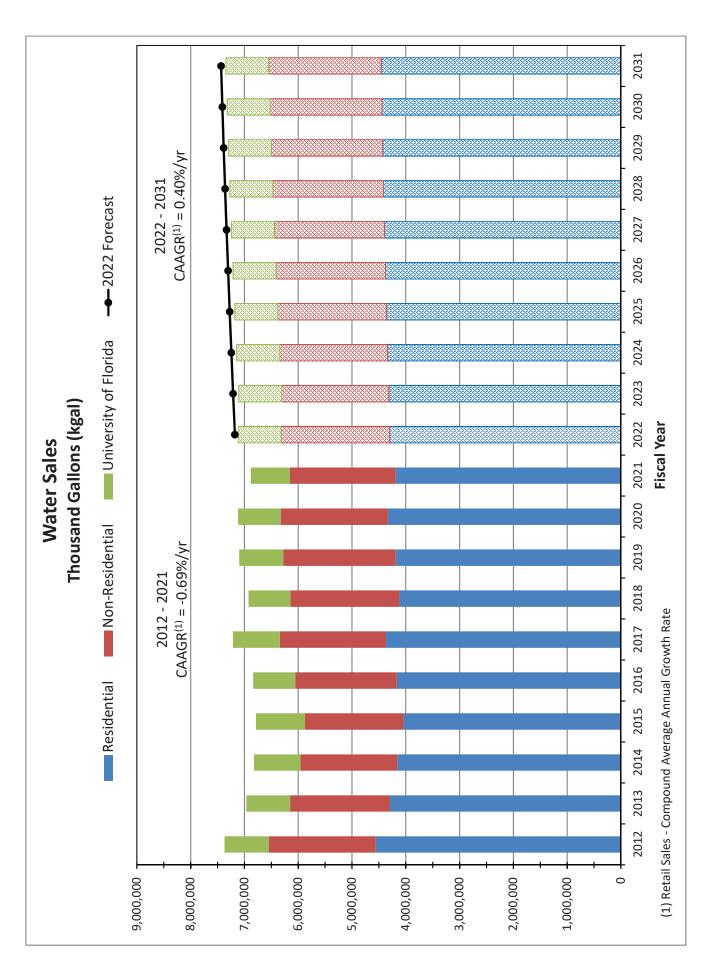
	Operations and Maintenance Non-							
	Payroll			Labor	Capital Non-Labor			2022
Energy Supply	\$	22,186,027	\$	18,502,000	\$	12,592,414	\$	53,280,441
Energy Delivery		23,243,485		7,598,537		12,702,545		43,544,567
Water		7,643,066		7,349,238		10,168,817		25,161,121
Wastewater		8,869,396		7,782,980		23,974,906		40,627,282
Gas		3,359,313		613,328		2,096,448		6,069,089
Telecommunications		3,311,146		4,807,665		1,630,882		9,749,693
Administration		4,449,576		2,236,986		-		6,686,562
Budget, Finance & Accounting		4,374,385		733,527		115,000		5,222,912
Customer Support Services		8,583,138		6,182,973		623,500		15,389,611
Information Technology		9,454,161		8,824,927		26,826,571		45,105,659
Corporate Expenses		-		15,624,201		-		15,624,201
Total Costs by Line of Business	\$	95,473,693	\$	80,256,362	\$	90,731,083	\$	266,461,138

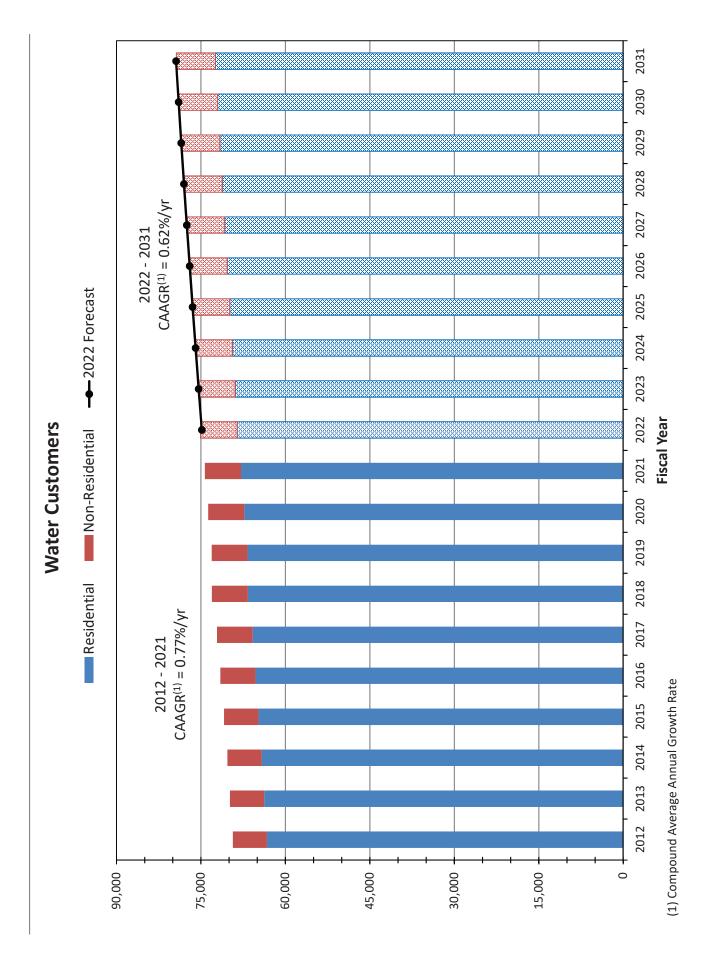


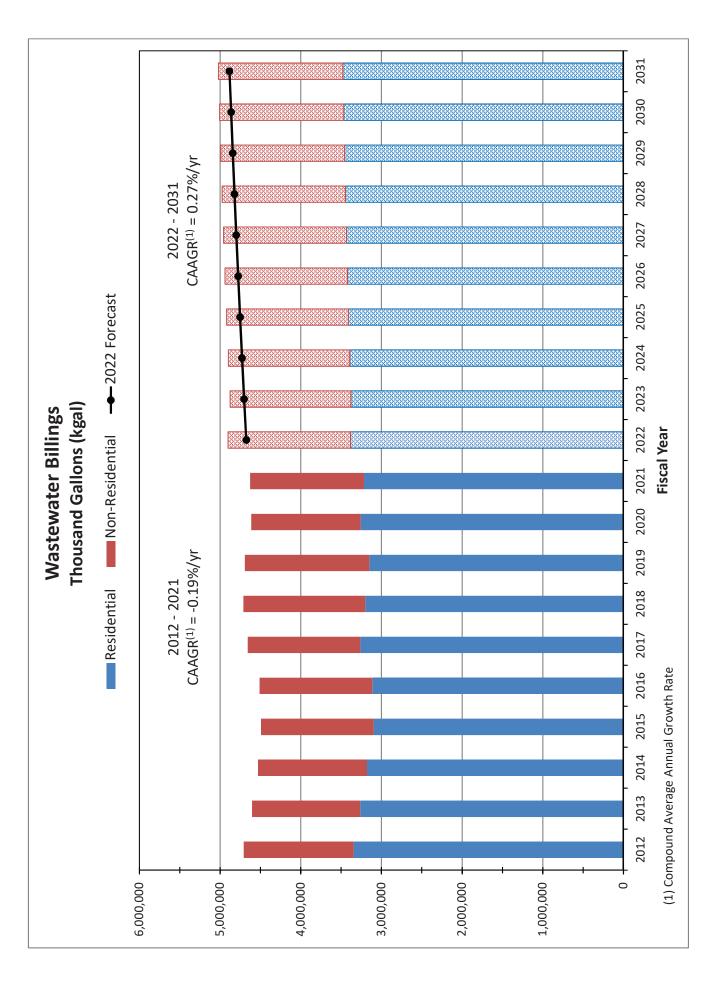
# Fiscal Year 2023 Budget Appendix

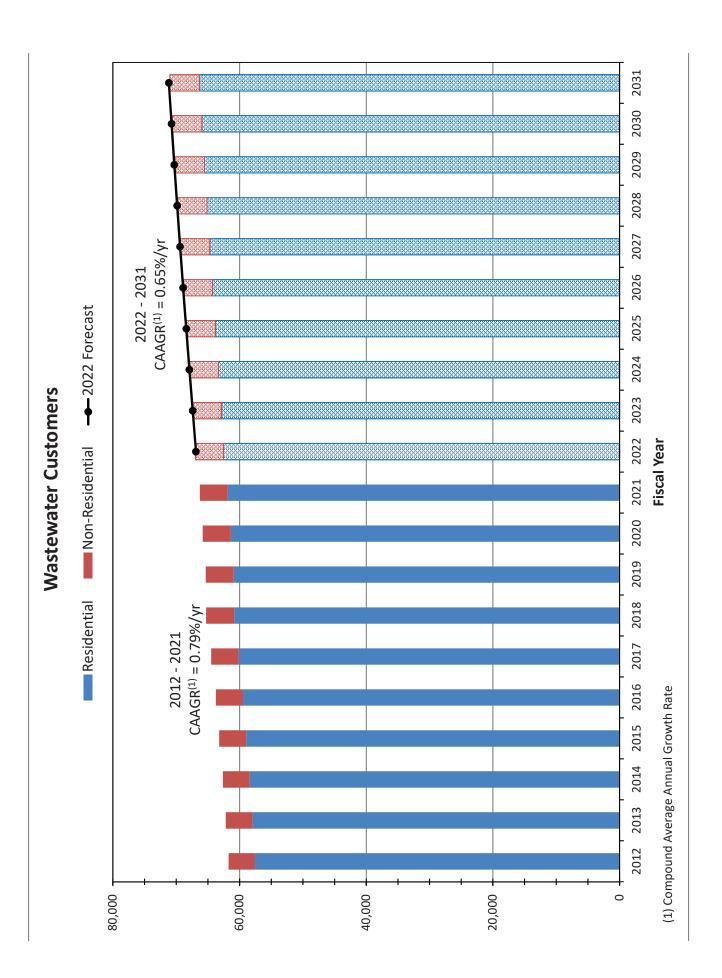


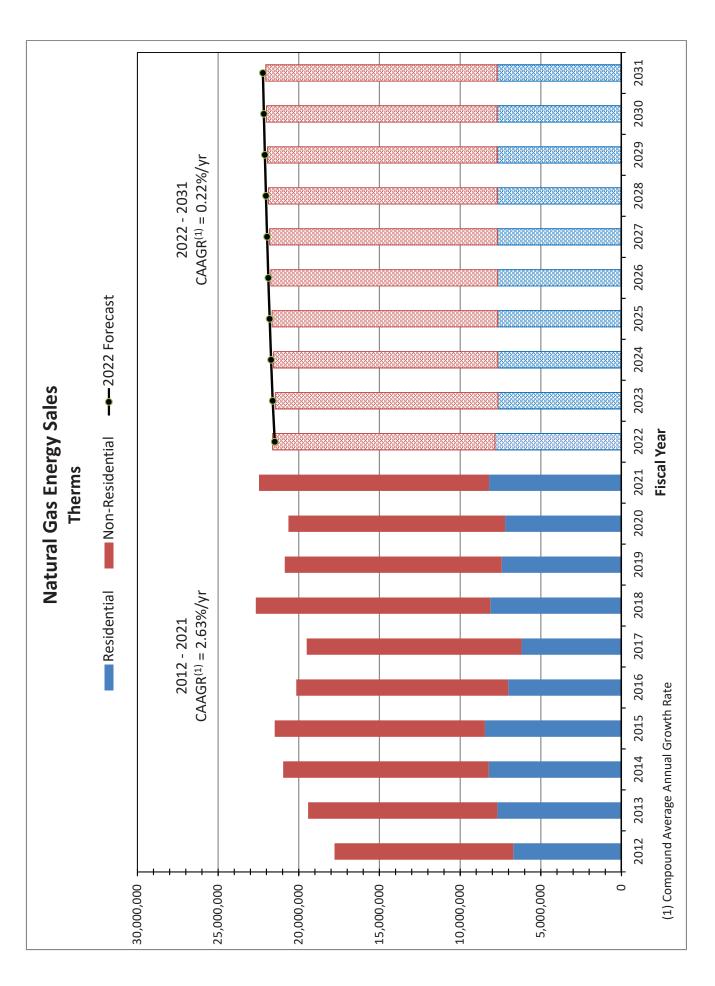


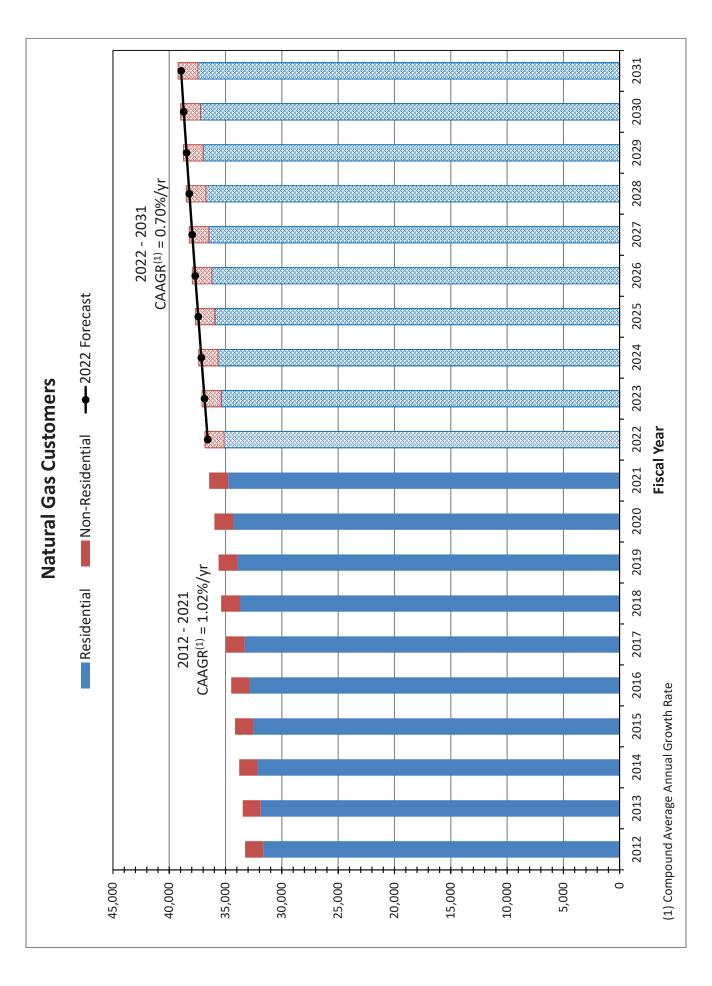












### Fiscal Year 2023 Budget

## Glossary

#### **Compound Average Annual Growth Rate (CAAGR or CAGR)**

Growth rate required to get an investment from its beginning balance to its ending balance, assuming profits were invested each year.

#### **Connection Charges**

A one-time charge when a new account or service is added.

#### **Customer Charge**

Amount assessed each month or partial month to recover costs GRU incurs to provide service regardless if any consumption occurs. (i.e. meter reading and maintaining facilities).

#### **Debt Service Fund**

Funds used to pay principal and interest on outstanding debt.

#### **Electric Reliability**

Electric reliability measures the consistency of electric service on demand as provided by utility companies to their customers.

#### **Fuel Adjustment Revenue**

Fuel Adjustment Revenue is used to recover fuel costs. For electric service, this charge recovers the cost of the fuel used to generate electricity or the cost of purchasing electricity. For gas service, fuel costs are those paid by GRU to natural gas and liquid propane gas suppliers. GRU's fuel adjustment revenues are exempt from utility taxes and surcharges [Chapter 166, Section 231, Florida Statutes].

#### **GATOR NET**

A digital, all-fiber network that provides internet service to apartment complexes and condominium communities in Gainesville.

#### **General Fund Transfer (GFT)**

The GFT is a portion of the utility's revenues that is transferred to the City of Gainesville's General Fund to pay for a broad range of city services. It serves as a substitute for property taxes, franchise fees and a return to shareholders.

#### kgal

Equals one thousand gallons. Water and Wastewater are billed to the nearest whole kgal.

#### **LDC**

Local Distribution Company. The industry description for what is commonly known as our Natural Gas System. Includes all of the transmission and distribution components, fuel procurement, and metering points.

### Fiscal Year 2023 Budget

## Glossary

#### Liquidity

The degree to which an asset can be quickly bought or sold in the market at a price reflective of its value. Liquidity measures the ability to convert assets into cash.

#### Manufactured Gas Plant Cost Recovery Factor Revenue (MGPCRF)

MGPCRF is a per-therm charge to recover clean-up costs associated with a manufactured gas plant facility.

#### Multi Dwelling Unit (MDU)

Multiple separate residences within one building or several buildings within one complex, such as an apartment building.

#### **Natural Gas Customer Charge**

Fixed charge to recover costs GRU must incur to provide service.

#### **OneERP**

The OneERP Program is the name for GRU's SAP Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) software program. The program includes the Financial Management Information System (FMIS) module, the Customer Information System (CIS) module and the Enterprise Asset Management (EAM) module.

#### **Operation and Maintenance Expenses**

All expenses incurred in connection with the operation and maintenance of the utility.

#### **Purchased Gas Adjustment**

This charge is for recovery of the cost of natural gas and is calculated by multiplying consumption by the purchased gas adjustment rate.

#### **Rate Stabilization Fund**

Cash and investments accumulated to stabilize rates over future periods through the transfer of funds to and from operations.

#### **Residential Rate-Change Revenue**

Additional revenue expected to be collected from customers due to rate increases.

#### Solar Feed-In-Tariff (FIT)

European-style solar FIT system that purchases 100% of electricity produced by a photovoltaic ("PV") solar system, which is delivered directly to GRU's distribution system.

#### Transmission and Distribution

Includes the transportation of power, natural gas, and water in both bulk form (the transmission systems), and service level form (the distribution systems) from the source of supply to the customers' delivery points.

## Fiscal Year 2023 Budget Glossary

#### **Trunked Radio System**

A digital, two-way radio system used by GRU, Gainesville Fire and Rescue, the Gainesville Police Department, the Alachua County Sheriff's Office and many other county and municipal entities.

#### **Unrestricted Cash**

Unrestricted cash is not earmarked for a particular use.

#### **Utilities Plant Improvement Fund (UPIF)**

Funds available to pay for construction costs, repayment of bonds, and operation and maintenance expenses

#### **Utility Surcharge**

Electric, Water, Wastewater, and Gas surcharges levied on customers when these services are provided outside the city limits.

#### **Utility Tax**

A municipality may levy a tax on the purchase of electricity, metered natural gas, liquefied petroleum gas either metered or bottled, manufactured gas either metered or bottled, and water service. The tax shall be levied only upon purchases within the municipality and shall not exceed 10 percent of the payments received by the seller of the taxable item from the purchaser for the purchase of such service. The tax imposed shall not be applied against any fuel adjustment charge, and such charge shall be separately stated on each bill. The term "fuel adjustment charge" means all increases in the cost of utility services to the ultimate consumer resulting from an increase in the cost of fuel to the utility subsequent to October 1, 1973.